

School District of Borough of Morrisville Morrisville, Pennsylvania Bucks County

Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2021



1835 Market Street, 3rd Floor Philadelphia, PA 19103

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of School Directors School District of Borough of Morrisville Morrisville, Pennsylvania

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the School District of Borough of Morrisville, Morrisville, Pennsylvania as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise School District of Borough of Morrisville's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the School District of Borough of Morrisville, Morrisville, Pennsylvania as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Change in Accounting Principle

As described in Note 14 to the financial statements, the School District of Borough of Morrisville adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No. 84, "Fiduciary Activities". Our opinions are not modified with respect to that matter.

Report on Summarized Comparative Information

We have previously audited the School District of Borough of Morrisville's 2020 financial statements, and we expressed unmodified opinions on those audited financial statements in our report dated January 8, 2021. In our opinion, the summarized comparative information presented herein as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, is consistent, in all material respects, with the audited financial statements from which it has been derived.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the budgetary comparison schedule – General Fund, the schedules of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability - PSERS and pension plan contributions - PSERS, schedule of changes in OPEB liability single-employer plan, and the schedules of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability - PSERS and OPEB plan contributions – PSERS on pages 3 through 12 and 47 through 52 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the School District of Borough of Morrisville' basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards and certain state grants is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The schedule of expenditures of federal awards and certain state grants is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards and certain state grants is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 16, 2022 on our consideration of the School District of Borough of Morrisville's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District of Borough of Morrisville's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

BBD, LLP

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - UNAUDITED

June 30, 2021

Management's discussion and analysis ("MD&A") of the financial performance of the School District of Borough of Morrisville (the "District") provides an overview of the District's financial performance for fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. Readers should also review the basic financial statements and related notes to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

DISTRICT PROFILE

The District consists of two schools – one elementary and an intermediate/high school consisting of approximately 1,003 students including those attending the Bucks County Tech High School and other out-of-District placements. The District is located in southeastern Bucks County and encompasses a total land area of 1.8 square miles. The District borders the Delaware River to the east, the Township of Falls to the south and west, and the Township of Lower Makefield to the north, and lies approximately 20 miles northeast of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. The District employs approximately 137 full and part-time employees. The teaching staff and administration consists of 72 professionals.

The mission of the District is to prepare confident students who are knowledgeable and capable of utilizing academic and social skills necessary to thrive in a complex society by providing a superior education in a stimulating, secure environment through the effective use of challenging instructional strategies, technology and extra-curricular activities that are designed to meet the needs of individual students, capitalizing upon its unique position as a small district within a large area rich in historic and cultural resources.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- In December 2019, an outbreak of a novel strain of coronavirus ("COVID-19") was identified and has since spread worldwide including the United States. On March 11, 2020, the World Health Organization characterized COVID-19 as a pandemic. As a result, the District experienced disruptions and operated under virtual, hybrid and in-person learning models during 2020-2021 as conditions permitted.
- On a government-wide basis, including all governmental activities and business-type activities, the liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceed the assets and deferred outflows of resources resulting in a deficit in total net position at the close of the 2020-2021 fiscal year of \$22,938,012. During the 2020-2021 fiscal year, the District had a decrease in total net position of \$1,242,197. The net position of governmental activities decreased by \$1,253,530 and net position of business-type activities increased by \$11,333.
- The General Fund reported a decrease in fund balance of \$314,194, bringing the cumulative balance to a deficit of \$1,458,741 at the conclusion of the 2020-2021 fiscal year.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The MD&A is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the basic financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - UNAUDITED

June 30, 2021

The government-wide financial statements distinguish the functions of the District that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges.

In the government-wide financial statements, the District's activities are divided into two categories:

Governmental Activities

Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as regular and special education, support services, maintenance, transportation and administration.

Business-Type Activities

The District charges fees to cover the costs of its food services program.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on Pages 13 and 14 of this report.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's funds. A fund is a group of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the District's funds can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds

Most of the District's activities are included in the governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on short-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the governmental near-term financing decisions. Both the *Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds* and *Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds* provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains two individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the *Balance Sheet* – *Governmental Funds* and *Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances* – *Governmental Funds* for each of the two major funds.

The District adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the General Fund to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

The governmental fund financial statements can be found on Pages 15 through 18 of this report.

Proprietary Funds

The District maintains two types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The Food Service Fund is reported as an enterprise fund of the proprietary fund type. The Internal Service Fund is used to accumulate and allocate certain costs internally among the District's various functions. The District uses an Internal Service Fund to account for its participation in a consortium with other participating school districts and educational agencies to provide self-insurance programs for health and prescription coverage. Because an Internal Service Fund predominantly benefits governmental rather than business-type functions, it has been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - UNAUDITED

June 30, 2021

The proprietary fund financial statements can be found on Pages 19 through 21 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds

The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for assets that belong to others, consisting of scholarship and student activity funds. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purpose and by those to whom the assets belong. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the District. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the District's own programs.

The fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on Pages 22 and 23 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the financial statements.

The notes to the financial statements can be found on Pages 24 through 46 of this report.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information which consists of the budgetary comparison schedule for the general fund, schedules of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability-PSERS and pension plan contributions-PSERS, schedule of changes in OPEB liability single-employer plan, and the schedules of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability-PSERS and OPEB plan contributions-PSERS.

The required supplementary information can be found on Pages 47 through 52 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted above, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial condition. At the close of the 2020-2021 fiscal year the District's liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded the assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$22,938,012. The following table presents condensed information for the *Statement of Net Position (Deficit)* of the District at June 30, 2021 and 2020.

		Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Totals	
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	
ASSETS Current assets Noncurrent assets	\$ 2,819,793 14,278,316	\$ 3,045,688 	\$124,079 4,882	\$140,988 6,329	\$ 2,943,872 	\$ 3,186,676 14,826,131	
Total assets	17,098,109	17,865,490	128,961	147,317	17,227,070	18,012,807	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	5,451,956	5,530,594			5,451,956	5,530,594	
LIABILITIES Current liabilities Noncurrent liabilities	3,302,168 40,259,721	3,304,100 40,739,312	35,303 	64,992	3,337,471 40,259,721	3,369,092 40,739,312	
Total liabilities	43,561,889	44,043,412	35,303	64,992	43,597,192	44,108,404	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	2,019,846	1,130,812			2,019,846	1,130,812	
NET POSITION (DEFICIT) Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted (deficit)	3,874,893 2,405 (26,908,968)	4,098,564 1,090 (25,877,794)	4,882 - 88,776	6,329 - <u>75,996</u>	3,879,775 2,405 (26,820,192)	4,104,893 1,090 (25,801,798)	
Total net position (deficit)	<u>\$(23,031,670</u>)	<u>\$(21,778,140</u>)	<u>\$ 93,658</u>	\$ 82,325	<u>\$(22,938,012</u>)	<u>\$(21,695,815</u>)	

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - UNAUDITED

June 30, 2021

The District's total assets as of June 30, 2021 were \$17,227,070 of which \$1,019,574 or 5.92% consisted of cash and \$14,283,198 or 82.91% consisted of the District's investment in capital assets. The District's total liabilities as of June 30, 2021 were \$43,597,192 of which \$10,379,182 or 23.81% consisted of general obligation debt used to acquire and construct capital assets and \$27,623,088 or 63.36% consisted of the actuarially determined net pension liability.

The District had a deficit in unrestricted net position of \$26,820,192 at June 30, 2021. The District's unrestricted net position decreased by \$1,018,394 during 2020-2021 primarily due to the current results of operations and the change in the net pension liability and relate deferred outflows and inflows.

A portion of the District's net position reflects its restricted net position which totaled \$2,405 as of June 30, 2021. All of the District's restricted net position related to amounts restricted for capital expenditures.

The largest portion of the District's net assets reflects its investment in capital assets net of accumulated depreciation less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to students; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District's net investment in capital assets decreased by \$225,118 because the District's capital assets were being depreciated faster than the debt used to acquire the capital assets was being repaid.

The following table presents condensed information for the Statement of Activities of the District for 2021 and 2020:

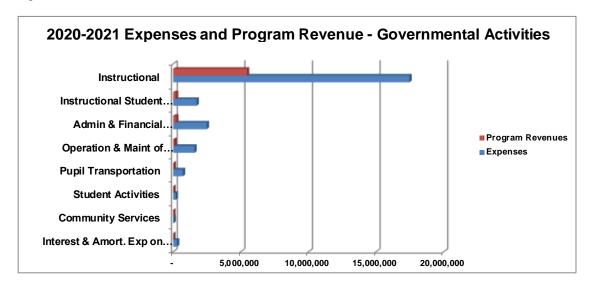
	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities	Totals		
	<u>2021</u>	2020	<u>2021</u> <u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u> <u>2020</u>		
REVENUES						
Program revenues						
Charges for services	\$ 67,560	\$ 79,204	\$ 2,814 \$ 76,862	\$ 70,374 \$ 156,066		
Operating grants and		4 00 4 00 5	000 000 004 000			
contributions	5,945,485	4,224,895	220,208 334,993	6,165,693 4,559,888		
Capital grants and contributions	-	-				
General revenues						
Property taxes levied for general						
purposes	13,353,196	12,969,200		13,353,196 12,969,200		
Other taxes	291,973	229,079		291,973 229,079		
Grants and entitlements not						
restricted to specific	2 520 020	4.440.004		2.520.020 4.440.024		
programs Investment earnings	3,539,026 4,596	4,116,831 92,017		3,539,026 4,116,831 4,596 92,017		
· ·	<u> </u>					
Total revenues	23,201,836	<u>21,711,226</u>	223,022 411,855	23,424,858 22,123,081		
EXPENSES						
Instruction	17,462,695	16,848,315		17,462,695 16,848,315		
Instructional student support services	1,728,960	1,908,408		1,728,960 1,908,408		
Administrative and financial support						
services	2,483,925	2,564,205		2,483,925 2,564,205		
Operation and maintenance of plant						
services	1,570,770	1,488,442		1,570,770 1,488,442		
Pupil transportation	720,383	714,280		720,383 714,280		
Student activities	183,998	382,994		183,998 382,994		
Community services	23,251	72,139	-	23,251 72,139		
Interest and amortization expense related to noncurrent liabilities	281,384	(160,555)		281,384 (160,555)		
Food service	201,304	(100,555)	211,689 360,274	211,689 360,274		
Total expenses	24,455,366	23,818,228	<u>211,689</u> <u>360,274</u>	<u>24,667,055</u> <u>24,178,502</u>		
CHANGE IN NET POSITION						
(DEFICIT)	\$ (1,253,530)	\$ (2,107,002)	<u>\$ 11,333</u> <u>\$ 51,581</u>	<u>\$ (1,242,197)</u> <u>\$ (2,055,421)</u>		

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - UNAUDITED

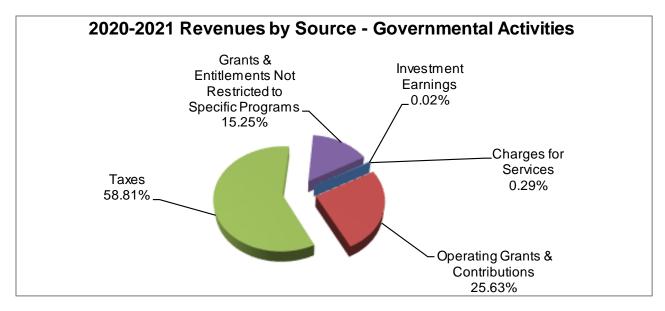
June 30, 2021

During 2020-2021 the District's financial position decreased by \$1,242,197, in part due to increased medical costs, pension contributions, state-mandated programs and negotiated contracts. Management of the District continues to aggressively implement expense efficiency measures and revenue-generating strategies to combat these factors. In the governmental activities, the District's assessed tax base drives the majority of the revenue generated. The District consists solely of the Borough of Morrisville which has little commercial or industrial tax revenue and limited opportunity to expand its property tax base.

The Statement of Activities provides detail that focuses on how the District finances its services. The Statement of Activities compares the costs of the District functions and programs with the resources those functions and programs generate themselves in the form of program revenues. As demonstrated by the following graph, all of the District's governmental activities are not self-supporting, raising enough program revenue to cover their costs, as most traditional governmental services are not.



To the degree that the District's functions or programs cost more than they raise, the *Statement of Activities* shows how the District chose to finance the difference through general revenues. The following chart shows that the District relies on tax revenues and grants and entitlements not restricted for specific programs to finance its governmental activities.



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - UNAUDITED

June 30, 2021

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

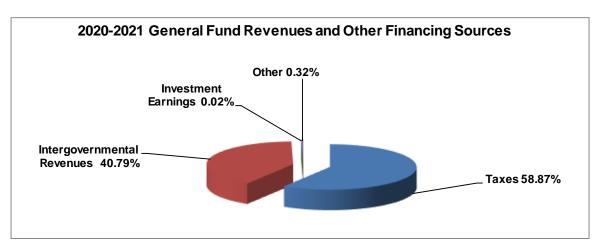
The governmental fund financial statements provide detailed information of the District's major funds. Some funds are required to be established by State statute while other funds are established by the District to manage monies restricted for a specific purpose. As of June 30, 2021, the District's governmental funds reported a combined deficit in fund balance of \$1,456,308 which is a decrease of \$312,879 from the prior year. The following table summarizes the District's total governmental fund balances as of June 30, 2021 and 2020 and the total 2021 change in governmental fund balances.

	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	\$ Change
General Fund Capital Projects Fund	\$(1,458,741) 2,433	\$(1,144,547) 1,118	\$(314,194) 1,315
	\$(1,456,308)	<u>\$(1,143,429)</u>	<u>\$(312,879</u>)

GENERAL FUND

The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund. At the conclusion of the 2020-2021 fiscal year, the General Fund fund balance was a deficit of \$1,458,741 representing a decrease of \$314,194 in relation to the prior year. The decrease in the District's General Fund fund balance is due to many factors. The following analysis has been provided to assist the reader in understanding the financial activities of the General Fund during the 2020-2021 fiscal year.

The District's reliance upon tax revenues is demonstrated by the graph below that indicates 58.87% of General Fund revenues are derived from local taxes.



General Fund Revenues and Other Financing Uses

	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	\$ Change	<u>% Change</u>
Taxes	\$13,690,455	\$13,135,324	\$ 555,131	4.23
Intergovernmental revenues	9,484,511	8,341,726	1,142,785	13.70
Investment earnings	3,281	67,358	(64,077)	(95.13)
Other	75,385	104,705	(29,320)	(28.00)
Proceeds from long-term debt		800,000	(800,000)	<u>(100.00</u>)
	<u>\$23,253,632</u>	<u>\$22,449,113</u>	<u>\$ 804,519</u>	3.58

Tax revenue increased by \$555,131 or 4.23% primarily due to a real estate tax millage increase of 2.80% and an increase in transfer tax and delinquent real estate tax collections in 2020-2021.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - UNAUDITED

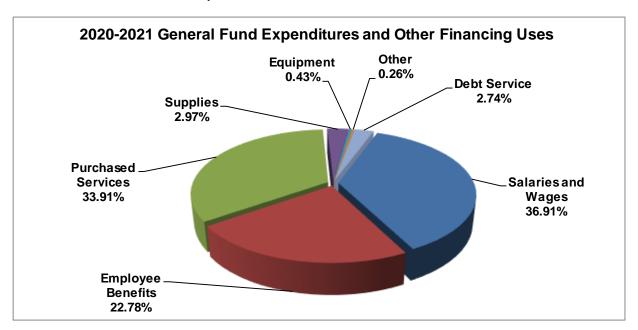
June 30, 2021

Intergovernmental revenues increased by \$1,142,785 or 13.70% in 2020-2021 when compared to 2019-2020, primarily due to COVID-19 related grants.

Investment earnings decreased by \$64,077 or 95.13% due to decreased interest rates earned on deposits and investments in 2020-2021 when compared to 2019-2020.

In the prior year, proceeds from long-term debt were from the issuance of general obligation note, Series of 2019, for the partial restructuring of the District's general obligation bonds, Series of 2014.

As the graph below illustrates, the largest portion of General Fund expenditures are for salaries and benefits. The District is an educational service entity and as such is labor intensive.



General Fund Expenditures and Other Financing Uses

	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	\$ Change	% Change
Salaries and wages	\$ 8,700,424	\$ 8,852,769	\$(152,345)	(1.72)
Employee benefits	5,369,991	5,530,536	(160,545)	(2.90)
Purchased services	7,994,997	7,151,534	843,463	11.79
Supplies	700,013	459,526	240,487	52.33
Equipment	102,284	50,625	51,659	102.04
Other	53,990	44,561	9,429	21.16
Debt service	646,127	<u>1,429,001</u>	<u>(782,874</u>)	<u>(54.78</u>)
	<u>\$23,567,826</u>	<u>\$23,518,552</u>	<u>\$ 49,274</u>	0.21

Salaries and wages decreased by \$152,345 or 1.72% in 2020-2021 compared to 2019-2020 primarily as a result of disruptions caused by COVID-19 resulting in less extra coverages and overtime.

Purchased services increased by \$843,463 or 11.79% due to increased tuition for cyber and charter schools and contracted services primarily related to special education and maintenance related to COVID-19 mitigation efforts.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - UNAUDITED

June 30, 2021

Debt service expenditures decreased commensurate with the \$737,000 prior year payment from the issuance of general obligation note, Series of 2019, used to refund a portion of the general obligation bonds, Series of 2014.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

The Capital Projects Fund accounts for construction and renovation activity associated with the District's building and major equipment purchases. The Capital Projects Fund receives the majority of its revenues from the issuance of general obligation debt and transfers from the General Fund. During 2020-2021, the Capital Projects fund reported an increase in fund balance of \$1,315. The remaining fund balance of \$2,433 as of June 30, 2021 is restricted for future capital expenditures.

GENERAL FUND BUDGET INFORMATION

The District maintains its financial records and prepares its financial reports on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The District budgets and expends funds according to procedures mandated by the Pennsylvania Department of Education. An annual operating budget is prepared by management and submitted to the School Board for approval prior to the beginning of the fiscal year on July 1 each year. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

Actual revenues were \$1,092,493 or 4.93% more than budgeted amounts and actual expenditures were \$1,076,035 or 4.78% more than budgeted amounts. Revenues were more than budget primarily because of more than anticipated federal grants related to COVID-19, while expenditures were more than budget primarily due to unanticipated special education costs related to contracted services and tuition to outside education agencies including charter and cyber schools and transportation services.

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES AND FOOD SERVICE FUND

The net position of the business-type activities and food service fund increased by \$11,333. As of June 30, 2021, the business-type activities and proprietary fund had net position of \$93,658.

CAPITAL ASSETS

The District's investment in capital asset for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2021 amounted to \$14,283,198 net of accumulated depreciation. This investment in capital assets includes land improvements, buildings and improvements and furniture and equipment. The total decrease in the District's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was \$542,933 or 3.66%. Current year capital additions were \$149,880 and depreciation expense was \$692,813. Current year additions consisted primarily of chromebook purchases.

NONCURRENT LIABILITIES

At the end of the current fiscal year, the District had total general obligation debt of \$10,379,182 consisting of \$7,110,000 in bonds payable, \$3,305,000 in notes payable and unamortized bond discounts of \$35,818. The entire amount is backed by the full faith and credit of the District. General obligation debt was issued to finance capital expenditures or to finance the retirement (refund) of prior obligation debt. The District's general obligation debt decreased by \$311,287 or 2.91% during the fiscal year.

On December 1, 2020, the District issued \$2,353,000 of general obligation note, Series of 2020, the proceeds from which were used to currently refund all the District's outstanding general obligation bonds, Series of 2014, and to pay for the costs of issuance. The District refunded the general obligation bonds at an interest rate of 1.311% to reduce future debt service payments by \$40,708.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - UNAUDITED

June 30, 2021

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt the District may issue up to 225% of its borrowing base capacity which is calculated as the annual arithmetic average of the total revenues for the preceding three fiscal years. The District's outstanding general obligation debt of \$10,379,182 is within the current debt limitation of the District which was \$50,421,428 as of June 30, 2021.

The District reports its allocated portion of its defined benefit unfunded benefit obligation related to its participation in the Pennsylvania State Employee Retirement System ("PSERS"). The District's allocated portion of the net pension liability is an actuarially determined estimate of the unfunded cost of the pension plan obligation which totaled \$27,623,088 as of June 30, 2021. The District's net pension liability decreased by \$165,781 or 0.60% during the fiscal year.

The District reports a liability for its other post-employment benefits ("OPEB") related to its single employer OPEB plan and its participation in the PSERS health insurance premium assistance program. The District's OPEB liability is an actuarially determined estimate of the unfunded cost of the OPEB obligation which totaled \$1,945,971 as of June 30, 2021. The District's OPEB liability increased by \$20,140 or 1.05% during the fiscal year.

Other noncurrent liabilities consist of the District's liabilities for capital leases, compensated absences, and early retirement incentive plans which totaled \$311,480 as of June 30, 2021. These liabilities decreased by \$22,663 or 6.78% during the fiscal year.

FACTORS BEARING ON THE DISTRICT'S FUTURE

At the time these financial statements were prepared and audited, the District was aware of several existing circumstances that could significantly affect its financial health in the future:

- In 2006, Act 1 was passed which repealed Act 72, which provides taxpayer relief through gambling revenues generated at the State level. The intent of this legislation is to provide a mechanism to relieve the burden of funding public education from property owners. This new legislation has put a "ceiling" on the percentage increase of local real estate taxes that can be levied year-to-year in order to balance the school district budget. Pennsylvania school districts are now required to either change their taxing strategies to make up for the shortfall of increased real estate tax refunds or seek the taxpayers' approval through back-end referendum to increase taxes higher than the approved index. This law puts an already increased burden on the District's revenue stream in future years. This legislation introduces certain new requirements on school districts which include the following:
 - That in the event a school district wishes to increase the property tax millage rate by more than an index annually prescribed by the state (3.60% for 2021-2022 and 4.20% for 2022-2023), the school district must seek voter approval (known commonly as a "back-end referendum") prior to implementing the millage rate increase. In the event voters do not approve the millage rate increase, the school district must limit its millage rate increase to the index.
 - Certain exceptions are provided under Act 1 that, if approved by the appropriate authority, may permit
 increases above the Act 1 index without the need for a back-end referendum. Typically, these exceptions
 relate to emergencies and cost increases in excess of the Act 1 index (e.g., retirement system contributions,
 special education expenditures) over which the school district has no control.
 - Any revenues distributed under the provisions of Act 1 are to be used for the purpose of reducing property taxes for homesteaders and farmsteaders. (Act 1 permitted slot machine gambling in Pennsylvania.)
- In November 2010, and again in 2017, legislation was signed into law to implement a series of actuarial and funding changes to the Public School Employees' Retirement System ("PSERS"). The 2017 law was effective July of 2019. The law changed the pension plans for all new hires effective July 1, 2019. It does not impact the pension benefits of current or retired PSERS members. Based on available projections, school districts will not see relief from the new legislation until 10-20 years in the future. The employer contribution rate for 2022-2023 is projected at 35.26%. Currently, the employer contribution rate for 2021-2022 is 34.94%.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS - UNAUDITED

June 30, 2021

- The District adopted a balanced 2021-2022 budget totaling \$23,057,422 and the real estate tax millage was increased by 2.70%.
- In November 2021, the District received an additional appropriation from the Pennsylvania Department of Education in the amount of \$500,000 through the Ready to Learn grant.
- The District is anticipating a potential increase in special education compensatory education and services due to
 disruptions in normal District operations that were as a result of COVID-19, which in part have been offset by
 additional appropriations of I.D.E.A. grant funding.
- The District's collective bargaining agreements with the Morrisville Education Association expires at the conclusion of the 2022-2023 school year while the Morrisville Educational Support Personnel Association expires at the conclusion of the 2020-2021 school year. A Memorandum of Understanding was reached to extend the Morrisville Educational Support Personnel Association contract for the 2021-2022 school year.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances for all those with an interest in the District's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Business Administrator, School District of Borough of Morrisville, 550 West Palmer Street, Morrisville, PA 19067-2195.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (DEFICIT)

June 30, 2021 with summarized comparative totals for 2020

	Governmental Business-type		Tota	als
ACCETO AND DEFENDED OUTEL OWO OF DECOUDOES	Activities	Activities	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
CURRENT ASSETS				
Cash	\$ 952,323	\$ 67,251	\$ 1,019,574	
Taxes receivable Due from other governments	479,398 775,906	- 51,656	479,398 827,562	528,557
Other receivables	2,316	51,050	2,316	984,372 13,752
Prepaid expenses	609,850	-	609,850	478,161
Inventories		5,172	5,172	6,650
Total current assets	2,819,793	124,079	2,943,872	3,186,676
NONCURRENT ASSETS				
Capital assets, net	14,278,316	4,882	14,283,198	14,826,131
Total assets	17,098,109	128,961	17,227,070	18,012,807
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred charges OPEB - single employer	343,277	-	343,277	283,209
Deferred charges on proportionate share of OPEB - PSERS	207,049	-	207,049	219,772
Deferred charges on proportionate share of pension - PSERS	4,901,630		4,901,630	5,027,613
Total deferred outflows of resources	5,451,956		5,451,956	5,530,594
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION (DEFICIT)				
CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	1,140,081	35,303	1,175,384	1,206,122
Accrued salaries, payroll withholdings and benefits	2,116,676	-	2,116,676	2,115,046
Other liabilities Accrued interest payable	14,262 31,149	-	14,262 31,149	14,262 33,662
• •				
Total current liabilities	3,302,168	35,303	3,337,471	3,369,092
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES				
Due within one year	499,925	-	499,925	373,110
Due in more than one year	39,759,796		39,759,796	40,366,202
Total noncurrent liabilities	40,259,721		40,259,721	40,739,312
Total liabilities	43,561,889	35,303	43,597,192	44,108,404
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred credits OPEB - single employer	84,846	-	84,846	91,812
Deferred credits on proportionate share of OPEB - PSERS	91,000	-	91,000	38,000
Deferred credits on proportionate share of pension - PSERS	1,844,000		1,844,000	1,001,000
Total deferred inflows of resources	2,019,846		2,019,846	1,130,812
NET POSITION (DEFICIT)				
Net investment in capital assets	3,874,893	4,882	3,879,775	4,104,893
Restricted	2,405	-	2,405	1,090
Unrestricted (deficit)	(26,908,968)	88,776	(26,820,192)	(25,801,798)
Total net position (deficit)	\$ (23,031,670)	\$ 93,658	\$ (22,938,012)	\$ (21,695,815)

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Year ended June 30, 2021 with summarized comparative totals for 2020

						Net (Expense)	Revenue and	
			Program Rever	nues		Changes in Net F	Position (Deficit)
		Charges	Operating	Capital				
		for	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental	•	Tot	
	<u>Expenses</u>	<u>Services</u>	<u>Contributions</u>	<u>Contributions</u>	Activities	Activities	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES								
Instruction	\$ 17,462,695	\$ 63,932	\$5,385,839	\$ -	\$ (12,012,924)	\$ -	\$ (12,012,924)	
Instructional student support services	1,728,960	-	205,886	-	(1,523,074)	-	(1,523,074)	(1,733,663)
Administrative and financial support services	2,483,925	-	219,512	-	(2,264,413)	-	(2,264,413)	(2,351,009)
Operation and maintenance of plant services	1,570,770	3,628	84,537	-	(1,482,605)	-	(1,482,605)	(1,387,923)
Pupil transportation	720,383	-	36,319	-	(684,064)	-	(684,064)	(673,213)
Student activities	183,998	-	13,392	-	(170,606)	-	(170,606)	(357,376)
Community services	23,251	-	-	-	(23,251)	-	(23,251)	(72,139)
Interest and amortization expense related to								
noncurrent liabilities	281,384				(281,384)		(281,384)	160,555
Total governmental activities	24,455,366	67,560	5,945,485		(18,442,321)		(18,442,321)	(19,514,129)
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES								
Food service	211,689	2,814	220,208		<u> </u>	11,333	11,333	51,581
Total primary government	\$24,667,055	\$ 70,374	\$6,165,693	\$ -	(18,442,321)	11,333	(18,430,988)	(19,462,548)
GENERAL REVENUES								
Property taxes levied for general purposes					13,353,196	-	13,353,196	12,969,200
Other taxes					291,973	-	291,973	229,079
Grants and entitlements not restricted to specific								
programs					3,539,026	-	3,539,026	4,116,831
Investment earnings					4,596	-	4,596	92,017
Total general revenues					17,188,791		17,188,791	17,407,127
CHANGE IN NET POSITION (DEFICIT)					(1,253,530)	11,333	(1,242,197)	(2,055,421)
NET POSITION (DEFICIT)								
Beginning of year					(21,778,140)	82,325	(21,695,815)	(19,640,394)
End of year					<u>\$ (23,031,670)</u>	\$93,658	\$ (22,938,012)	<u>\$ (21,695,815)</u>

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

June 30, 2021 with summarized comparative totals for 2020

	Major Fu	Major Funds			
	Capital General Projects		Totals		
	Fund	Fund	2021	2020	
ASSETS			<u> </u>		
Cash	\$ 949,890	\$2,433	\$ 952,323	\$ 1,060,828	
Taxes receivable	479,398	φ <u>2</u> , 100	479,398	528,557	
Due from other governments	775,906	-	775,906	964,390	
Other receivables	2,316		2,316	13,752	
Total assets	\$ 2,207,510	<u>\$2,433</u>	\$ 2,209,943	\$ 2,567,527	
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES					
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	\$ 1,140,081	\$ -	\$ 1,140,081	\$ 1,141,130	
Accrued salaries, payroll withholdings					
and benefits	2,116,676	-	2,116,676	2,115,046	
Other liabilities	14,262		14,262	14,262	
Total liabilities	3,271,019		3,271,019	3,270,438	
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES					
Unavailable revenues - property taxes	395,232		395,232	440,518	
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT) Restricted for					
Capital projects	-	2,433	2,433	1,118	
Unassigned (deficit)	(1,458,741)		(1,458,741)	(1,144,547)	
Total fund balances (deficit)	(1,458,741)	2,433	(1,456,308)	(1,143,429)	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of					
resources and fund balances	\$ 2,207,510	<u>\$2,433</u>	\$ 2,209,943	\$ 2,567,527	

RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO NET POSITION (DEFICIT) OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES ON THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (DEFICIT)

June 30, 2021

TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT)	\$ (1,456,308)
	¢ (1,100,000)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (deficit) are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds balance sheet.	14,278,316
Some of the District's property taxes will be collected after year-end, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures, and therefore are reported as deferred inflows of resources on the governmental funds balance sheet.	395,232
Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and other postemployment benefits are not reported as assets and liabilities in the governmental funds balance sheet.	3,432,110
Noncurrent liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the governmental funds balance sheet.	(40,259,721)
Accrued interest payable on long-term liabilities is included in the statement of net position (deficit), but is excluded from the governmental funds balance sheet until due and payable.	(31,149)
The Internal Service Fund is used by management to charge the cost of health and prescription insurance premiums and claims to the General Fund. The assets and liabilities of the Internal Service Fund are included in the governmental activities on the government-	
wide statement of net position (deficit).	609,850
NET POSITION (DEFICIT) OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ (23,031,670)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT) - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Year ended June 30, 2021 with summarized comparative totals for 2020

	Major Funds			
	General	Capital Projects	Tot	als
	Fund	<u>Fund</u>	2021	2020
REVENUES				
Local sources	\$ 13,769,121	\$ 1,315	\$ 13,770,436	\$ 13,332,046
State sources	6,287,631	-	6,287,631	6,892,195
Federal sources	3,196,880		3,196,880	1,449,531
Total revenues	23,253,632	1,315	23,254,947	21,673,772
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
Instruction	16,614,989	-	16,614,989	15,430,221
Support services	6,101,888	53,000	6,154,888	6,327,555
Operation of noninstructional services	196,237	-	196,237	424,684
Facilities acquisition, construction				
and improvement services	-	-	-	3,415,156
Debt service	654,712		654,712	632,767
Total expenditures	23,567,826	53,000	23,620,826	26,230,383
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF				
REVENUES OVER (UNDER)				
EXPENDITURES	(314,194)	(51,685)	(365,879)	(4,556,611)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Issuance of refunding debt	-	2,353,000	2,353,000	800,000
Payment of refunding debt	-	(2,300,000)	(2,300,000)	(737,300)
Proceeds from extended term financing				33,975
Total other financing sources (uses)		53,000	53,000	96,675
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(314,194)	1,315	(312,879)	(4,459,936)
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT)				
Beginning of year	(1,144,547)	1,118	(1,143,429)	3,316,507
End of year	<u>\$ (1,458,741)</u>	\$ 2,433	<u>\$ (1,456,308)</u>	<u>\$ (1,143,429</u>)

RECONCILIATION OF STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT) OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO CHANGE IN NET POSITION (DEFICIT) OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES ON THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Year ended June 30, 2021

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT) - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS		\$ (312,879)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation expense exceeded capital outlays in the current period.		
Capital outlay expenditures Depreciation expense	\$ 149,880 (691,366)	(541,486)
Because some property taxes will not be collected for several months after the District's fiscal year ends, they are not considered as "available" revenues in the governmental funds. Deferred inflows of resources decreased by this amount this year.		
Deferred inflows of resources June 30, 2020 Deferred inflows of resources June 30, 2021	(440,518) 395,232	(45,286)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of the governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on the change in net position of governmental activities. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and similar items when long-term debt is issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.		
Repayment of bonds and notes payable Proceeds from notes payable Repayment of extended term financing Amortization of bond premiums and discounts	2,652,000 (2,353,000) 6,528 12,287	317,815
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources, and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.		
Current year change in accrued interest payable Current year change in early retirement incentive Current year change in compensated absences Current year change in net pension liability - PSERS and	2,513 14,400 1,735	
deferred outflows and inflows Current year change in OPEB liability - single employer and deferred outflows and inflows	(803,202)	
Current year change in net OPEB liability - PSERS and deferred outflows and inflows	(10,781) (8,048)	(803,383)
The Internal Service Fund is used by management to charge the cost of health and prescription insurance premiums and claims to the General Fund. The change in net position of the Internal Service Fund is included in the governmental activities on the		
government-wide statement of net position (deficit).		131,689
CHANGE IN NET POSITION (DEFICIT) OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		<u>\$ (1,253,530</u>)

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS

June 30, 2021 with summarized comparative totals for 2020

	Major Fund Food Service Fund	Internal Service Fund	To:	tals
ASSETS	i unu	<u>r unu</u>	<u> 2021</u>	2020
CURRENT ASSETS Cash Due from other governments Prepaid expenses	\$ 67,251 51,656 -	\$ - - 609,850	\$ 67,251 51,656 609,850	\$ 114,356 19,982 478,161
Inventories	5,172		5,172	6,650
Total current assets	124,079	609,850	733,929	619,149
NONCURRENT ASSETS Capital assets, net Total assets	4,882 128,961	609,850	4,882 738,811	6,329 625,478
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION				
LIABILITIES Accounts payable	35,303		35,303	64,992
NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted	4,882 88,776	- 609,850	4,882 698,626	6,329 554,157
Total net position	\$ 93,658	\$609,850	\$703,508	\$560,486

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Year ended June 30, 2021 with summarized comparative totals for 2020

	Major Fund Internal Food Service Service		Totals		
OPERATING REVENUES	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	
	ф O 04.4	Ф 4 COC 220	¢ 4 600 450	¢ 4 004 74E	
Charges for services	\$ 2,814	\$ 1,626,339	\$1,629,153	\$1,284,745	
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Employee benefits	_	1,494,650	1,494,650	984,795	
Purchased services	132,332	, , -	132,332	202,344	
Supplies	77,730	-	77,730	156,082	
Other	180	-	180	315	
Depreciation	1,447	-	1,447	1,533	
Total operating expenses	211,689	1,494,650	1,706,339	1,345,069	
Operating income (loss)	(208,875)	131,689	(77,186)	(60,324)	
NONOPERATING REVENUES					
State sources	7,494	-	7,494	13,491	
Federal sources	212,714		212,714	321,502	
Total nonoperating revenues	220,208		220,208	334,993	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	11,333	131,689	143,022	274,669	
NET POSITION					
Beginning of year	82,325	478,161	560,486	285,817	
End of year	\$ 93,658	\$ 609,850	\$ 703,508	\$ 560,486	

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Year ended June 30, 2021 with summarized comparative totals for 2020

	Major Fund Food Service	Internal Service	Tot	als
	Fund	<u>Fund</u>	<u>2021</u>	2020
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	Ф 2.044	Ф	Ф 2.044	ф 7 0,000
Cash received from customers Cash received for assessments made to other funds	\$ 2,814 -	\$ - 1,626,339	\$ 2,814 1,626,339	\$ 76,862 1,207,883
Cash payments for operating expenses	(219,335)	-	(219,335)	(385,860)
Cash payments for insurance claims		(1,626,339)	(1,626,339)	(1,207,883)
Net cash used for operating activities	(216,521)		(216,521)	(308,998)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
State sources	6,339	-	6,339	15,088
Federal sources	163,077		163,077	333,688
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	169,416		169,416	348,776
Net increase (decrease) in cash	(47,105)	-	(47,105)	39,778
CASH				
Beginning of year	114,356		114,356	74,578
End of year	\$ 67,251	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 67,251	\$ 114,356
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash used for operating activities:				
Operating income (loss)	\$ (208,875)	\$ 131,689	\$ (77,186)	\$ (60,324)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash used for operating activities				
Depreciation	1,447	-	1,447	1,533
Donated commodities used	19,118	-	19,118	21,237
(Increase) decrease in				
Prepaid expenses	-	(131,689)	(131,689)	(223,088)
Inventories	1,478	-	1,478	(1,210)
Increase (decrease) in Accounts payable	(29,689)		(29,689)	(47,146)
Net cash used for operating activities	<u>\$ (216,521)</u>	<u> </u>	<u>\$ (216,521)</u>	<u>\$ (308,998)</u>
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE				
Noncash noncapital financing activity USDA donated commodities	\$ 19,118	\$ -	\$ 19,118	\$ 21,237

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS

June 30, 2021 with summarized comparative totals for 2020

	Private- Purpose	Custodial	Totals		
	Trust	Fund	2021	2020	
ASSETS					
Cash	\$22,109	\$40,702	\$62,811	\$62,847	
LIABILITIES					
NET POSITION					
Restricted for scholarships	22,109	-	22,109	22,981	
Restricted for student activities		40,702	40,702	39,866	
Total net position	\$22,109	\$40,702	\$62,811	\$62,847	

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Year ended June 30, 2021 with summarized compartive totals for 2020

	Private- Purpose	Custodial	To	tals	
	Trust	Fund	2021	2020	
ADDITIONS Receipts from student groups	\$ -	\$ 8,688	\$ 8,688	\$ 11,350	
Local contributions	1,496	<u> </u>	1,496	1,590	
Total additions	1,496	8,688	10,184	12,940	
DEDUCTIONS					
Scholarships awarded and fees paid	2,368	-	2,368	2,365	
Student activities disbursements		7,852	7,852	<u>14,155</u>	
Total deductions	2,368	7,852	10,220	16,520	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(872)	836	(36)	(3,580)	
NET POSITION					
Beginning of year	22,981	39,866	62,847	66,427	
End of year	<u>\$22,109</u>	\$40,702	\$62,811	\$62,847	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2021

(1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The School District of Borough of Morrisville (the "District") operates one elementary school and an intermediate/high school to provide education and related services to the residents of the Borough of Morrisville. The District operates under current standards prescribed by the Pennsylvania Department of Education in accordance with the provisions of the School Laws of Pennsylvania as a school district of the third class. The District operates under a locally elected nine-member board form of government (the "School Board").

The financial statements of the District have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the authoritative standard-setting body for the establishment of governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of these accounting policies are as follows:

Reporting Entity

GASB has established the criteria for determining the activities, organizations and functions of government to be included in the financial statements of the reporting entity. In evaluating the District as a reporting entity, management has addressed all potential component units which may or may not fall within the District's accountability. The criteria used to evaluate component units for possible inclusion as part of the District's reporting entity are financial accountability and the nature and significance of the relationship. The District is considered to be an independent reporting entity and has no component units.

Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position (deficit) and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements distinguish between activities that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government except for fiduciary funds.

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of timing of related cash flow. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared as further defined below. Therefore, governmental fund financial statements include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements of governmental funds.

The government-wide statement of net position (deficit) presents the financial position of the District which is the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources and is classified in one of three components. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of borrowing attributable to acquiring, constructing or improving those assets. The net position of the District is reported as restricted when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Unrestricted net position is the net position that does not meet the definition of "net investment in capital assets" or "restricted net position."

The statement of net position (deficit) includes separate sections for deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until that time. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2021

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between expenses and program revenues for each function of the business-type activities of the District and for each governmental function. Expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service or program and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of the goods or services offered by the programs and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of program revenues and expenses identifies the extent to which each function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

Except for interfund activity and balances between the funds that underlie governmental activities and the funds that underlie business-type activities, which are reported as transfers and internal balances, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements.

Fund Financial Statements

During the school year, the District segregates transactions related to certain District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental and proprietary fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Fiduciary fund financial statements are presented by fund type.

Governmental Funds

All governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting and the current financial resources measurement focus. Under this basis, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become measurable and available. Expenditures are recognized in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable. The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Capital Projects Fund accounts for financial resources restricted, committed or assigned to be used for capital expenditures or for the acquisition, construction of capital facilities, improvements and/or equipment.

Revenue Recognition

In applying the "susceptible to accrual concept" under the modified accrual basis, revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers tax revenue to be available if collected within 60 days of the end of the fiscal period. Deferred inflows of resources are reported in connection with receivables for tax revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Revenue from federal, state and other grants designated for payment of specific District expenditures is recognized when the related expenditures are incurred; accordingly, when such funds are received, they are reported as unearned revenues until earned. Other receipts are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received.

Expenditure Recognition

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Most expenditures are measurable and are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, special termination benefits, other post-employment benefits and claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due. Allocations of costs, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2021

Proprietary Funds

Like the government-wide financial statements, proprietary funds are accounted for using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. These funds account for operations that are primarily financed by user charges. The economic resource focus concerns determining costs as a means of maintaining the capital investment and management control. Revenues are recognized when they are earned and expenses are recognized when they are incurred. Allocations of certain costs, such as depreciation, are recorded in proprietary funds. The District reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Food Service Fund accounts for the revenues and costs of providing meals to students during the school year.

The Internal Service Fund is used to account for the District's participation in a consortium with other participating school districts and educational agencies to provide self-insurance programs for health and prescription coverage.

These funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the proprietary funds' principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the District's proprietary funds are charges for services. Operating expenses for the District's proprietary funds include payroll, employee benefits, supplies and administrative costs. All revenues or expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets and are accounted for using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and custodial funds. The private-purpose trust fund accounts for activities in various scholarship accounts, whose sole purpose is to provide annual scholarships to particular students as described by donor stipulations. Custodial funds are used to account for assets held on behalf of individuals and/or government units and are, therefore, not available to support the District's own programs. The District has one custodial fund consisting of funds held on behalf of the students.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Investments

Investments are stated at fair value based upon quoted market prices, except for certificates of deposit which are recorded at cost, which approximates fair value.

Interfund Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/due from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2021

Property Taxes

Taxes are levied on July 1 and are payable in the following periods:

July 1 – August 31 - Discount period, 2% of gross levy

September 1 – October 31 - Face period

November 1 to collection - Penalty period, 10% of gross levy

January 1 - Lien date

The Bucks County Board of Assessments determines assessed valuations of property, and the District's taxes are billed and collected by a local elected tax collector. The tax on real estate for public school purposes for fiscal 2020-2021 was 225.9709 mills (\$225.97 for \$1,000 of assessed valuation). The District experiences very small losses from uncollectible property taxes. Property taxes constitute a lien against real property and usually can be collected in full when title transfers. Only balances that remain after tax sales are written off each year. Accordingly, an allowance for doubtful accounts has not been established by the District for property taxes receivable.

Taxpayers who have a primary residence within the District have the option of paying in three installments. These installments have the following due dates:

Installment One - August 15
Installment Two - October 15
Installment Three - December 15

The discount (two percent) is not applicable to installment payments; however, the penalty (10 percent) will be added if second and third installments are paid subsequent to the due dates.

Prepaid Items and Inventories

Certain prepayments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

All inventories are valued at the lower of cost (first-in, first-out method) or market.

Unearned Revenues

Unearned revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$1,000 and composite assets of more than \$5,000. Such assets are recorded at historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed, inclusive of ancillary costs.

Property, plant and equipment (net of salvage value) of the District is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives: buildings and improvements – 10-50 years; land improvements – 15-20 years and furniture and equipment – 5-20 years.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2021

Impairment of Long-Lived Assets

The District evaluates prominent events or changes in circumstances affecting capital assets to determine whether impairment of a capital asset has occurred. A capital asset is generally considered impaired if both (a) the decline in service utility of the capital asset is large in magnitude and (b) the event or change in circumstances is outside the normal life cycle of the capital asset. If a capital asset is considered to be impaired, the amount of impairment should be measured by the method that most reflects the decline in service utility of the capital asset at the lower of carrying value or fair value for impaired capital assets that will no longer be used by the District. No impairment losses were recognized in the year ended June 30, 2021.

Compensated Absences

District policies permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation, personal and sick days. The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as a noncurrent liability in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is recorded in the governmental funds financial statements only to the extent they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Deferred amounts on refunding are recorded as a deferred outflow of resources and amortized over the life of the old debt or the life of the new debt, whichever is shorter. All amounts are amortized using the straight-line method.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources and uses. Premiums received and discounts paid on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources and uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures except for refundings paid from proceeds which are reported as other financing costs.

Fund Equity

As prescribed by GASB, governmental funds report fund balance in classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the fund can be spent. The District reports the following fund balance classifications:

Nonspendable

Nonspendable fund balances are amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form – such as inventory or prepaid insurance or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact – such as a trust that must be retained in perpetuity.

Restricted

Restricted fund balances are restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed

Committed fund balances are amounts that can only be used for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the District's highest level of decision-making authority, the School Board. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the School Board removes those constraints by taking the same type of formal action (e.g., resolution).

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2021

Assigned

Assigned fund balances are amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by (a) the Business Administrator or (b) an appointed body (e.g., finance committee) or (c) an official to which the District has delegated the authority to assign, modify or rescind amounts to be used for specific purposes.

Assigned fund balance includes (a) all remaining amounts that are reported in governmental funds (other than the General Fund) that are not classified as non-spendable, restricted or committed, and (b) amounts in the General Fund that are intended to be used for a specific purpose. Specific amounts that are not restricted or committed in a special revenue fund or the capital projects fund are assigned for purposes in accordance with the nature of their fund type.

Unassigned

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund. This classification represents General Fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds, and that has not been restricted, committed or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use externally restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources—committed, assigned or unassigned—in order as needed.

The School Board has set a policy to maintain an unassigned General Fund fund balance of not less than 0.50% and a maximum General Fund fund balance of 15% of the following year's expenditure budget. Unassigned General Fund fund balance in excess of 0.50% of the following year's expenditure budget may be appropriated by the School Board for nonrecurring expenditures.

Comparative Data

Comparative totals for the prior year have been presented in the accompanying financial statements in order to provide an understanding of changes in the District's financial position and operations. Certain amounts presented in the prior year have been reclassified in order to be consistent with the current year's presentation. However, presentation of prior year totals by fund and activity type have not been presented in each of the statements since their inclusion would make the statements unduly complex and difficult to read. Summarized comparative information should be read in conjunction with the District's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2020, from which the summarized information was derived.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Implementation of New Accounting Pronouncements

Effective July 1, 2020, the District adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No.84 "Fiduciary Activities" GASB Statement No. 90 "Majority Equity Interests – an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61"; GASB Statement No. 93 "Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates"; GASB Statement No. 95, "Postponements of Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance" and GASB Statement No. 97, "Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans – An Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a Supersession of GASB Statement No. 32".

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2021

GASB Statement No. 84 improved guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. GASB Statement No. 84 established criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments. The focus of the criteria generally is on (1) whether a government is controlling the assets of the fiduciary activity and (2) the beneficiaries with whom a fiduciary relationship exists. Separate criteria are included to identify fiduciary component units and postemployment benefit arrangements that are fiduciary activities. As a result of the implementation Statement No. 84 the District reported restricted net position and changes in fiduciary net position for its Student Activities Fund for the year ended June 30, 2021.

GASB Statement No. 90 improved the consistency and comparability of reporting a government's majority equity interest in a legally separate organization and to improve the relevance of financial statement information for certain component units. It defined a majority equity interest and specified that a majority equity interest in a legally separate organization should be reported as an investment if a government's holding of the equity interest meets the definition of an investment. A majority equity interest that meets the definition of an investment should be measured using the equity method, unless it is held by a special-purpose government engaged only in fiduciary activities, a fiduciary fund, or an endowment (including permanent and term endowments) or permanent fund. Those governments and funds should measure the majority equity interest at fair value. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 90 had no impact on the financial statements of the District for the year ended June 30, 2021.

GASB Statement No. 93 addresses those and other accounting and financial implications that result from the replacement from IBOR by (1) providing exceptions for certain hedging derivatives to the hedge accounting termination provisions when an IBOR is replaced as the reference rate of the hedging derivative instrument's variable payment; (2) clarifying the hedge accounting termination provisions when a hedged item is amended to replace the reference rate; (3) clarifying that the uncertainty related to the continued availability of IBOR's does not, by itself affect the assessment of whether the occurrence of a hedged expected transaction is probable; (4) removing LIBOR as an appropriate benchmark interest rate for the qualitative evaluation of the effectiveness of an interest rate swap; (5) identifying a secured overnight financing rate and the effective federal funds rate as appropriate benchmark interest rates for the qualitative evaluation of the effectiveness of an interest rate as appropriate benchmark interest rates for the qualitative evaluation of the effectiveness of an interest rate swap and; (6) clarifying the definition of a reference rate, as it is used in GASB Statement 53 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Derivative Instruments". The implementation of GASB Statement No. 93 had no impact on the District's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2021.

GASB Statement No. 95 provided temporary relief to governments and other stakeholders in light of the COVID-19 pandemic by postponing the effective dates of certain provisions in statements that first became effective or are scheduled to be effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2018, and later. See references to GASB Statement No. 95 within the various pronouncements above to determine the impact on each individual statement. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 95 by the District postponed the implementation of GASB Statement No. 84 until year ended June 30, 2021 as described above and the implementation of GASB Statement No 87 until year ended June 30, 2022 as described below.

The objectives of GASB Statement No. 97 are to (1) increase consistency and comparability related to the reporting of fiduciary component units in circumstances in which a potential component unit does not have a governing board and the primary government performs the duties that a governing board typically would perform; (2) mitigate costs associated with the reporting of certain defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plans, and employee benefit plans other than pension plans or OPEB plans (other employee benefit plans) as fiduciary component units in fiduciary fund financial statements; and (3) enhance the relevance, consistency, and comparability of the accounting and financial reporting for Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 457 deferred compensation plans (Section 457 plans) that meet the definition of a pension plan and for benefits provided through those plans. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 97 had no impact on the financial statements of the District for the year ended June 30, 2021.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2021

New Accounting Pronouncements

GASB Statement No. 87, "Leases" will be effective for the District for the year ended June 30, 2022. The objective of GASB Statement No. 87 is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. GASB Statement No. 87 increases the usefulness of financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under GASB Statement No. 87, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about leasing activities.

GASB Statement No. 89, "Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred Before the End of a Construction Period", will be effective for the District for the year ended June 30, 2022. The objectives of GASB Statement No. 89 are (1) to enhance the relevance and comparability of information about capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period and (2) to simplify accounting for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. GASB Statement No. 89 establishes accounting required for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. Such interest costs includes all interest that previously was accounted for in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 62, "Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements", which are superseded by GASB Statement No. 89. GASB Statement No. 89 requires that interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period be recognized as an expense in the period in which the cost is incurred for financial statements prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. As a result, interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period will not be included in the historical cost of a capital asset reported in a business-type activity or enterprise fund. GASB Statement No. 89 also reiterates that in financial statements prepared using the current financial resources measurement focus, interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period should be recognized as an expenditure on a basis consistent with government fund accounting principles.

GASB Statement No. 91, "Conduit Debt Obligations" will be effective for the District for the year ended June 30, 2022. GASB Statement No. 91 provides a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. This Statement achieves those objectives by clarifying the existing definition of a conduit debt obligation; establishing that a conduit debt obligation is not a liability of the issuer; establishing standards for accounting and financial reporting of additional commitments and voluntary commitments extended by issuers and arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations; and improving required note disclosures.

GASB Statement No. 92, "Omnibus 2020" will be effective for the District for the year ended June 30, 2022. GASB Statement No. 92 addresses a variety of topics to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and improve consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements.

GASB Statement No. 94, "Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements" will be effective for the District for the year ended June 30, 2023. GASB Statement No. 94 improves financial reporting by addressing issues related to public-private and public-public partnership arrangements ("PPP"s). As used in this Statement, a PPP is an arrangement in which a government (the transferor) contracts with an operator (a governmental or nongovernmental entity) to provide public services by conveying control of the right to operate or use a nonfinancial asset, such as infrastructure or other capital asset (the underlying PPP asset), for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. Some PPPs meet the definition of a service concession arrangement (SCA), which the Board defines in this Statement as a PPP in which (1) the operator collects and is compensated by fees from third parties; (2) the transferor determines or has the ability to modify or approve which services the operator is required to provide, to whom the operator is required to provide the services, and the prices or rates that can be charged for the services; and (3) the transferor is entitled to significant residual interest in the service utility of the underlying PPP asset at the end of the arrangement.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2021

GASB Statement No. 96, "Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements" will be effective for the District for the year ended June 30, 2023. This Statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements ("SBITA"s) for government end users (governments). This Statement (1) defines a SBITA; (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset—an intangible asset—and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. To the extent relevant, the standards for SBITAs are based on the standards established in Statement No. 87, Leases, as amended.

(2) STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgetary Information

An annual budget is adopted prior to the beginning of each year for the General Fund on a modified accrual basis of accounting. The General Fund is the only fund for which a budget is legally required, although project-length financial plans are adopted for the Capital Projects fund.

The District is required to publish notice by advertisement at least once in two newspapers of general circulation in the municipalities in which it is located, and within 20 days of final action, that the proposed budget has been prepared and is available for public inspection at the administrative offices of the District. Notice that public hearings will be held on the proposed operating budget must be included in the advertisement; such hearings are required to be scheduled at least 10 days prior to when final action on adoption is taken by the School Board.

After the legal adoption of the budget, the School Board is required to file a copy of the budget with the Pennsylvania Department of Education by July 31. Additional copies of the budget also are required to be filed with the House Education Committee and the Senate Education Committee by September 15.

Legal budgetary control is maintained at the sub-function/major object level. The School Board may make transfers of funds appropriated in any particular item of expenditure by legislative action in accordance with Pennsylvania School Code. Management may amend the budget at the sub-function/sub-object level without approval from the School Board. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal period. Budgetary information reflected in the financial statements is presented at or below the level of budgetary control and include the effect of approved budget amendments.

(3) DEPOSITS

State statutes authorize the District to invest in U.S. Treasury bills, time or share accounts of institutions insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or in certificates of deposit when they are secured by proper bond or collateral, repurchase agreements, State Treasurer's investment pools or mutual funds.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned. At June 30, 2021, the carrying amount of the District's deposits was \$1,082,385 and the bank balance was \$1,129,892. The District is required by state statute to deposit funds in depositories that are either banks, banking institutions or trust companies located in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. To the extent that such deposits exceed federal insurance, the depositories must pledge as collateral obligations of the United States, the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania or any other political subdivision. Under Act 72 of 1971, as amended, the depositories may meet this collateralization requirement by pooling appropriate securities to cover all public funds on deposit. Of the bank balance, \$250,000 was covered by federal depository insurance, and \$206,253 was collateralized by the District's depositories in accordance with Act 72 and the collateral was held by the depositories' agent in pooled public funds. The remaining cash deposits of the District are in the Pennsylvania Local Government Investment Trust ("PLGIT"). Although not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission and not subject to regulatory oversight, PLGIT acts like a money market mutual fund in that its objective is to maintain a stable net asset value of \$1 per share, is rated by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization and is subject to independent annual audit. As of June 30, 2021, PLGIT was rated as AAA by a nationally recognized statistical rating agency.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2021

(4) CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2021 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	\$ 24,024,517	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 24,024,517
Land improvements	889,709	-	-	889,709
Furniture and equipment	1,299,010	<u> 149,880</u>		1,448,890
Total capital assets being depreciated	26,213,236	149,880		26,363,116
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and improvements	(9,816,243)	(521,485)	-	(10,337,728)
Land improvements	(716,238)	(17,221)	-	(733,459)
Furniture and equipment	<u>(860,953</u>)	<u>(152,660</u>)		<u>(1,013,613</u>)
Total accumulated depreciation	(11,393,434)	(691,366)		(12,084,800)
Total capital assets being				
depreciated, net	14,819,802	<u>(541,486</u>)		14,278,316
Governmental activities, net	<u>\$ 14,819,802</u>	<u>\$(541,486</u>)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 14,278,316</u>
Business-type activities				
Machinery and equipment	\$ 106,551	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 106,551
Less accumulated depreciation	(100,222)	(1,447)		(101,669)
Business-type activities, net	\$ 6,329	<u>\$ (1,447)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 4,882</u>

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the District as follows:

Governmental activities

Instruction	\$516,759
Instructional student support services	50,462
Administrative and financial support services	72,398
Operation and maintenance of plant services	46,364
Student activities	5,383
Total depreciation expense – governmental activities	<u>\$691,366</u>
Business-type activities	
Food service	<u>\$ 1,447</u>

(5) NONCURRENT LIABILITIES

The following summarizes the changes in noncurrent liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2021:

Governmental activities	Balance <u>July 1, 2020</u>	Increases	<u>Decreases</u>	Balance June 30, 2021	Amount Due Within One Year
General obligation debt					
Bonds payable	\$ 9,615,000	\$ -	\$2,505,000	\$ 7,110,000	\$ 20,000
Notes payable	1,099,000	2,353,000	147,000	3,305,000	461,000
Bond premiums	14,526	-	14,526	-	-
Bond discounts	(38,057)		(2,239)	(35,818)	(2,239)
Total general obligation debt	10,690,469	2,353,000	2,664,287	10,379,182	478,761

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2021

Other noncurrent liabilities					
Capital leases	30,797	-	6,528	24,269	6,764
Early retirement incentive	28,800	-	14,400	14,400	14,400
Compensated absences	274,546	-	1,735	272,811	-
OPEB liability	662,487	145,083	67,268	740,302	-
Net OPEB liability – PSERS	1,263,344	-	57,675	1,205,669	-
Net pension liability – PSERS	27,788,869		165,781	27,623,088	
Total other noncurrent					
liabilities	30,048,843	145,083	313,387	29,880,539	21,164
Total noncurrent					
liabilities	\$40,739,312	\$2,498,083	\$2,977,674	\$40,259,721	\$499,925

Noncurrent liabilities are generally liquidated by the General Fund.

(6) GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT

General obligation debt is a direct obligation of the District from which full faith and credit are pledged and are payable from unrestricted local sources. The District has not pledged any assets as collateral for general obligation debt. General obligation debt was issued to finance capital expenditures or to finance the retirement (refund) of prior general obligation debt.

General obligation debt outstanding as of June 30, 2021 consisted of the following:

Description	Interest <u>Rate(s)</u>	Issue <u>Amount</u>	Final <u>Maturity</u>	Principal Outstanding
General obligation bonds Series of 2017	2.00% - 3.125%	\$7,125,000	05/15/2037	\$ 7,110,000
General obligation notes				
Series of 2001	4.084%	\$3,000,000	09/25/2021	153,000
Series of 2019	3.424%	\$800,000	12/01/2037	799,000
Series of 2020	1.311%	\$2,353,000	12/01/2025	2,353,000
Total general obligation notes				3,305,000
Total general obligation debt				\$10,415,000

Annual debt service requirements to maturity on these obligations is as follows:

Year ending June 30,	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2022	\$ 481,000	\$ 272,276	\$ 753,276
2023	534,000	264,725	798,725
2024	548,000	256,950	804,950
2025	555,000	249,141	804,141
2026	563,000	241,152	804,152
2027-2031	3,020,000	1,005,914	4,025,914
2032-2036	3,504,000	521,643	4,025,643
2037-2038	1,210,000	46,303	1,256,303
	<u>\$10,415,000</u>	\$2,858,104	\$13,273,104

Series of 2020 General Obligation Note

On December 1, 2020, the District issued \$2,353,000 of general obligation note, Series of 2020, the proceeds from which were used to currently refund all the District's outstanding general obligation bonds, Series of 2014, and to pay for the costs of issuance. The District refunded the general obligation bonds at an interest rate of 1.311% to reduce future debt service payments by \$40,708.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2021

Interest Rate Management Plan

The General Obligation Notes of the District have been issued to the Delaware Valley Regional Finance Authority ("DVRFA"). The DVRFA was formed by certain counties in Southeastern Pennsylvania to provide financing to local government units ("participants") for various projects. DVRFA obtained the funds used to finance these projects by issuing its Local Government Revenue Bonds. In order to reduce the interest costs of participants in its loan program and to enhance their ability to manage their interest rate risks, DVRFA and the participants in its loan program, including the District, have entered into an Interest Rate Management Plan, the provisions of which allow the participants to select fixed or variable rates of interest on their loans. In order to provide this option to the participants, DVRFA has entered into an interest rate swap agreement with a financial institution. In the event that the swap agreement between DVRFA and the financial institution is terminated and the value of the swap to DVRFA at the time of termination is a liability, the participants are required to pay their proportionate share of the liability. The value of the swap agreement relative to the General Obligation Notes at June 30, 2021 was an asset of \$20,367. The value of the swap agreement relative to the District's statement of net position (deficit).

(7) CAPITAL LEASES

The District has entered into a long-term lease agreement for a vehicle. This lease agreement qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes and, therefore, has been recorded at the present value of future minimum lease payments as of the inception dates. The future minimum lease payments under the capital leases and the net present value of the future minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2021 are as follows:

Year ending June 30,	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2022	\$ 6,764	\$ 750	\$ 7,514
2023	7,009	505	7,514
2024	7,262	252	7,514
2025	3,234	28	3,262
	\$24,26 <u>9</u>	<u>\$1,535</u>	\$25,804

(8) EARLY RETIREMENT INCENTIVE PLANS

The District from time to time offers additional retirement incentives known as early retirement incentive plans ("*ERIP*") to senior professional staff and administrators contemplating retirement. An ERIP is formally approved by School Board action in the year an ERIP plan is implemented.

In order for an employee to retire and participate in a District sponsored ERIP, the District must first decide whether or not to offer an ERIP in the year the employee is retiring and a specified minimum number of employees must opt into the ERIP. The District's various ERIP plans provide for the payment of specific annuity amounts to the participating retiree or the payment of a specified dollar amount to be applied toward participating retiree healthcare premiums through Medicare eligible age.

The District's liability for its ERIP plans has been reported at the discounted present value of expected future benefit payments in the government-wide financial statements. For the year ended June 30, 2021, 1 retiree received benefits under the District's ERIP plans and the District paid \$14,400 in ERIP benefits to retirees.

(9) OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Single-Employer Defined Benefit OPEB Plan

The District's other post-employment benefits ("OPEB") include a single-employer defined benefit plan that provides medical and life insurance to certain eligible retirees and their spouses. The School Board has the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions. The OPEB Plan does not issue any financial report and is not included in the report of any public employee retirement system or any other entity.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2021

OPEB Plan Membership

Membership in the OPEB plan consisted of the following at July 1, 2019:

Active participants	125
Vested former participants	-
Retired participants	3
Total	128

Funding Policy

The District's contributions are funded on a pay-as-you-go basis. The contribution requirements of retirees are established and may be amended by the School Board.

OPEB Liability

The District's OPEB liability has been measured as of June 30, 2021. The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2019, and by rolling forward the liabilities from the July 1, 2019 actuarial valuation through the measurement date. No significant events or changes in assumptions occurred between the valuation date and the fiscal year end. The OPEB liability is \$740,302, all of which is unfunded. As of June 30, 2021, the OPEB liability is related to the governmental funds and is recorded in the governmental activities in the government-wide statement of net position (deficit).

The District's change in its OPEB liability for the year ended June 30, 2021 was as follows:

Balances as of July 1, 2020	<u>\$662,487</u>
Changes for the year:	
Service cost	40,251
Interest on total OPEB liability	22,388
Changes in assumptions	82,444
Benefit payments	(67,268)
Net changes	<u>77,815</u>
Balances as of June 30, 2021	<u>\$740,302</u>

OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District recognized negative OPEB expense of \$76,593. At June 30, 2021, the District had deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the OPEB plan from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Changes in assumptions	\$ 76,948	\$84,846
Differences between expected and		
actual experience	200,517	-
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	65,812	
	<u>\$343,277</u>	<u>\$84,846</u>

\$65,812 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2021

Year ended June 30,	
2022	\$ 13,954
2023	13,954
2024	13,954
2025	13,954
2026	13,954
Thereafter	<u>122,849</u>
	\$192,61 <u>9</u>

Sensitivity of the OPEB Liability to Change in Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the OPEB liability for June 30, 2021, calculated using current healthcare cost trends as well as what the OPEB liability would be if health cost trends were 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Trend Rate	1% Increase
OPEB liability	<u>\$642,596</u>	<u>\$740,302</u>	<u>\$858,856</u>

Sensitivity of the OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the District calculated using the discount rate of 1.86%, as well as what the OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using the discount rate that is one percentage point lower (0.86%) or 1 percentage point higher (2.86%) than the current rate:

		Current Discount		
	1% Decrease 0.86%	Rate _1.86%	1% Increase 2.86%	
OPEB Liability	<u>\$796,319</u>	\$740,302	<u>\$686,880</u>	

Actuarial Methods and Significant Assumptions

The OPEB Liability as of June 30, 2021, was determined by rolling forward the OPEB Liability as of July 1, 2019 to June 30, 2021 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

- Actuarial cost method entry age normal
- Discount rate 1.86% 20-year high-grade municipal rate index. The discount rate changed from 3.36% to 1.86%.
- Salary growth salary increases are composed of inflation of 2.50%, 1.00% for real wage growth and 0.00% to 2.75% for merit or seniority increases.
- Assumed healthcare cost trends –5.5% in 2020 through 2023. Rates gradually decrease from 5.40% in 2024 to 4.00% in 2075 and later based on the Society of Actuaries Long-Run Medical Cost Trend Model.
- Mortality rates were based on the Buck Modified 2016 projection scale to reflect mortality improvement.

Cost Sharing Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit OPEB Plan

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of PSERS and additions to/deductions from PSERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PSERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2021

Plan Description

PSERS provides health insurance premium assistance which, is a governmental cost sharing, multiple-employer OPEB plan for all eligible retirees who qualify and elect to participate. Employer contribution rates for health insurance premium assistance are established to provide reserves in the health insurance account that are sufficient for the payment of health insurance premium assistance benefits for each succeeding year. Effective January 1, 2002 under the provisions of Act 9 of 2001, participating eligible retirees are entitled to receive premium assistance payments equal to the lesser of \$100 per month or their out-of- pocket monthly health insurance premium. To receive premium assistance, eligible retirees must obtain their health insurance through either their school employer or the PSERS' health options program. As of June 30, 2020, there were no assumed future benefit increases to participating eligible retirees.

Retirees of PSERS can participate in the health insurance premium assistance program if they satisfy the following criteria:

- Have 24 ½ or more years of service, or
- Are a disability retiree, or
- Have 15 or more years of service and retired after reaching superannuation age, and
- Participate in the PSERS' health options program or employer-sponsored health insurance program.

Benefits Provided

Participating eligible retirees are entitled to receive premium assistance payments equal to the lesser of \$100 per month or their out-of-pocket monthly health insurance premium. To receive premium assistance, eligible retirees must obtain their health insurance through either their school employer or the PSERS' health options program. As of June 30, 2020, there were no assumed future benefit increases to participating eligible retirees.

Employer Contributions

The District's contractually required contribution rate for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 was 0.82% of covered payroll, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the OPEB plan from the District were \$66,049 for the year ended June 30, 2021.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2021, the District reported a liability of \$1,205,669 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by rolling forward PSERS' total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2019 to June 30, 2020. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was calculated utilizing the employer's one-year reported covered payroll as it relates to the total one-year reported covered payroll. At June 30, 2020, the District's proportion was 0.0558 percent, which was a decrease of 0.0036 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2019. As of June 30, 2021, the net OPEB liability is related to the governmental funds and is recorded in the governmental activities in the government-wide statement of net position (deficit).

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$72,000. At June 30, 2021, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2021

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Net difference between projected and actual		
experience	\$ 11,000	\$ -
Changes in assumptions	49,000	26,000
Net difference between projected and actual		·
investment earnings	2,000	-
Changes in proportions	79,000	65,000
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	66,049	- _
	<u>\$207,049</u>	<u>\$91,000</u>

\$66,049 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended June 30,

2021	\$14,000
2022	14,000
2023	14,000
	•
2024	13,000
2025	2,000
Thereafter	<u>(7,000</u>)
	\$50,000

Actuarial Assumptions

The net OPEB liability as of June 30, 2020, was determined by rolling forward the PSERS' OPEB liability as of June 30, 2019 to June 30, 2020 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

- Actuarial cost method entry age normal level % of pay
- Investment return 2.66% Standard & Poor's 20-year municipal bond rate
- Salary growth Effective average of 5.00%, comprised of inflation of 2.75% and 2.25% for real wage growth and for merit or seniority increases.
- Premium assistance reimbursement is capped at \$1,200 per year.
- Assumed healthcare cost trends were applied to retirees with less than \$1,200 in premium assistance per year.
- Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 mortality tables for males and females, adjusted to reflect PSERS' experience and projected using a modified version of the MP-2015 mortality improvement scale.

Participation rate:

- Eligible retirees will elect to participate pre age 65 at 50%
- Eligible retirees will elect to participate post age 65 at 70%

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study that was performed for the five-year period June 30, 2015.

The following assumptions were used to determine the contribution rate:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2021

- The results of the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018 determined the employer contribution rate for fiscal year 2020.
- Cost method amount necessary to assure solvency of premium assistance through the third fiscal year after the valuation date.
- Asset valuation method: market value.
- Participation rate: 63% of eligible retirees are assumed to elect premium assistance.
- Mortality rates and retirement ages were based on the RP-2000 combined healthy annuitant tables with age set back 3 for both males and females for healthy annuitants and for dependent beneficiaries. For disabled annuitants, the RP-2000 combined disabled tables with age set back 7 years for males and 3 years for females and disabled annuitants. (A unisex table based on the RP-2000 combined healthy annuitant tables with age set back 3 years for both genders assuming the population consists of 25% males and 75% females is used to determine actuarial equivalent benefits.)

Investments consist primarily of short term assets designed to protect the principal of the OPEB plan assets. The expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using the OPEB asset allocation policy and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each asset class.

The OPEB plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested plan assets is established and may be amended by the Board. Under the program, as defined in the retirement code employer contribution rates for health insurance premium assistance are established to provide reserves in the health insurance account that are sufficient for the payment of health insurance premium assistance benefits for each succeeding year.

OPEB - Asset Class	Target <u>Allocation</u>	Long-Term Expected Real <u>Rate of Return</u>
Cash US core fixed income Fixed income	50.30% 46.50% <u>3.20</u> %	(1.00)% (0.10)% (0.10)%
	100.00%	

The above was the Board's adopted asset allocation policy and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2020.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the OPEB liability was 2.66%. Under the OPEB plan's funding policy, contributions are structured for short term funding of health insurance premium assistance. The funding policy sets contribution rates necessary to assure solvency of health insurance premium assistance through the third fiscal year after the actuarial valuation date. The health insurance premium assistance account is funded to establish reserves that are sufficient for the payment of health insurance premium assistance benefits for each succeeding year. Due to the short term funding policy, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was not projected to be sufficient to meet projected future benefit payments, therefore the OPEB plan is considered a "pay-as-you-go" plan. A discount rate of 2.66% which represents the Standard & Poor's 20-year municipal bond rate at June 30, 2020, was applied to all projected benefit payments to measure the total OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Change in Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

Healthcare cost trends were applied to retirees receiving less than \$1,200 in annual health insurance premium assistance. As of June 30, 2020, retirees health insurance premium assistance benefits are not subject to future healthcare cost increases. The healthcare insurance premium assistance reimbursement for qualifying retirees is capped at a maximum of \$1,200. The actual number of retirees receiving less than the \$1,200 per year cap is a small percentage of the total population and has a minimal impact on healthcare cost trends as depicted below.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2021

The following presents the net OPEB liability for June 30, 2020, calculated using current healthcare cost trends as well as what net OPEB liability would be if health cost trends were 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

	<u>1% Decrease</u>	Trend Rate	1% Increase
District's proportionate share of			
the net OPEB liability	<u>\$1,205,514</u>	\$1,205,669	\$1,205,792

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability, calculated using the discount rate of 2.66%, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (1.66%) or 1-percentage-point higher (3.66%) than the current rate:

		Current Discount	
	1% Decrease 1.66%	Rate 2.66%	1% Increase 3.66%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	<u>\$1,374,649</u>	\$1,205,669	\$1,065,739

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about PSERS' fiduciary net position is available in PSERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be found on PSERS's website at www.psers.pa.gov.

(10) PENSION PLAN

Plan Description

The Pennsylvania Public School Employees' Retirement System ("PSERS") is a governmental costsharing multi-employer defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to public school employees of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. The members eligible to participate in PSERS include all full-time public employees, part-time hourly public school employees who render at least 500 hours of service in the school year, and part-time per diem public school employees who render at least 80 days of service in the school year in any of the reporting entities in Pennsylvania. PSERS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.psers.state.pa.us.

Benefits Provided

PSERS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Members are eligible for monthly retirement benefits upon reaching (a) age 62 with at least 1 year credited service; (b) age 60 with 30 more years of credited service; or (c) 35 or more years of service regardless of age. Act 120 of 2010 (Act 120) preserves the benefits of existing members and introduced benefit reductions for individuals who become new members on or after July 1, 2011. Act 120 created two membership classes, Membership Class T-E (Class T-E) and Membership Class T-F (Class T-F). To qualify for normal retirement, Class T-E and Class T-F members must work until age 65 with a minimum of 3 years of service or attain a total combination of age and service that is equal to or greater than 92 with a minimum of 35 years of service. Benefits are generally equal to 2.00% or 2.50%, depending upon membership class, of the member's final average salary (as defined in the code) multiplied by the number of years of credited service. For members whose membership started prior to July 1, 2011, after completion of five years of service, a member's right to the defined benefits is vested and early retirement benefits may be elected. For Class T-E and Class T-F members, the right to benefits is vested after ten years of service.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2021

Participants are eligible for disability retirement benefits after completion of five years of credited service. Such benefits are generally equal to 2.00% or 2.50%, depending upon membership class, of the member's final average salary (as defined in the code) multiplied by the number of years of credited service, but not less than one-third of such salary nor greater than the benefit the member would have had at normal retirement age. Members over normal retirement age may apply for disability benefits.

Death benefits are payable upon the death of an active member who has reached age 62 with at least one year of credited service (age 65 with at least three years of credited service for Class T-E and Class T-F members) or who has at least five years of credited service (ten years for Class T-E and Class T-F members). Such benefits are actuarially equivalent to the benefit that would have been effective if the member had retired on the day before death.

Contributions

Member Contributions

Active members who joined PSERS prior to July 22, 1983, contribute at 5.25% (Membership Class T-C) or at 6.50% (Membership Class T-D) of the member's qualifying compensation.

Members who joined PSERS on or after July 22, 1983 and who were active or inactive as of July 1, 2001, contribute at 6.25% (Membership Class T-C) or at 7.50% (Membership Class T-D) of the member's qualifying compensation.

Members who joined PSERS after June 30, 2001 and before July 1, 2011, contribute at 7.50% (automatic Membership Class T-D). For all new hires and for members who elected Class T-D membership, the higher contribution rates began with service rendered on or after January 1, 2002.

Members who joined PSERS after June 30, 2011, automatically contribute at the Membership Class T-E rate of 7.50% (base rate) of the member's qualifying compensation. All new hires after June 30, 2011, who elect T-F membership, contribute at 10.30% (base rate) of the member's qualifying compensation. Membership Class T-E and T-F are affected by a "shared risk" provision in Act 120 of 2010 that in future fiscal years could cause Membership Class T-E contribution rate to fluctuate between 7.50% and 9.50% and Membership Class T-F contribution rate to fluctuate between 10.30% and 12.30%.

Employer Contributions

The District's contractually required contribution rate for fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 was 33.51% of covered payroll, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the plan from the District were \$2,713,630 for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2021, the District reported a liability of \$27,623,088 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by rolling forward PSERS' total pension liability as of June 30, 2019 to June 30, 2020. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was calculated utilizing the employer's one-year reported covered payroll as it relates to the total one-year reported covered payroll. At June 30, 2020, the District's proportion was 0.0561 percent, which was a decrease of 0.0033 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2019. As of June 30, 2021, the net pension liability is related to the governmental funds and is recorded in the governmental activities in the government-wide statement of net position.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2021

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District recognized pension expense of \$3,403,000. At June 30, 2021, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience Net difference between expected and actual	\$ 72,000	\$ 662,000
Investment earnings	1,214,000	-
Changes in proportions	902,000	1,182,000
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	2,713,630	-
	\$4,901,630	\$1,844,000

\$2,713,630 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30,

2022	\$ 186,000
2023	(168,000)
2024	(35,000)
2025	<u>361,000</u>
	\$ 344,000

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability as of June 30, 2020 was determined by rolling forward PSERS's total pension liability as the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation to June 30, 2020 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

- Actuarial cost method entry age normal level % of pay
- Investment return 7.25%, includes inflation at 2.75%
- Salary growth Effective average of 5.00%, comprised of inflation of 2.75% and 2.25% for real wage growth and for merit or seniority increases.
- Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 mortality tables for males and females, adjusted to reflect PSERS' experience and projected using a modified version of the MP-2015 mortality improvement scale.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial valuation experience study that was performed for the five year period ending June 30, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns net of plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested plan assets is established and may be amended by the board. Plan assets are managed with a long-term objective of achieving and maintaining a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the pension.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2021

Asset Class	Target <u>Allocation</u>	Long-Term Expected Real <u>Rate of Return</u>
Global public equity	15.0 %	5.2%
Private equity	15.0 %	7.2%
Fixed income	36.0 %	1.1%
Commodities	8.0 %	1.8%
Absolute return	10.0 %	2.5%
Infrastructure/MLPs	6.0 %	5.7%
Real estate	10.0 %	5.5%
Risk parity	8.0 %	3.3%
Cash	6.0 %	(1.0)%
Financing (LIBOR)	<u>(14.0</u>)%	(0.7)%
	<u>100.0</u> %	

The above was the Board's adopted asset allocation policy and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2020.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on the plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following represents the net pension liability, calculated using the discount rate of 7.25%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (6.25%) or 1-percentage point higher (8.25%) that the current rate:

	Current Discount						
	1% Decrease 6.25%	Rate 7.25%	1% Increase 8.25%				
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$34,175,597	\$27,623,088	\$22,072,198				

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the PSERS' fiduciary net position is available in PSERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be found on the system's website at www.psers.state.pa.us.

(11) JOINT VENTURES AND JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATION

Bucks County Technical High School

The District and five other Bucks County school districts participate in the Bucks County Technical High School (the "BCTHS"). The BCTHS provides vocational-technical training and education to students of the participating school districts. The BCTHS is controlled by a joint board comprised of representative school board members of the participating school districts. District oversight of the BCTHS operations is the responsibility of the joint board. The District's share of operating costs for the BCTHS fluctuates based on the District's percentage of enrollment. The District share of operating costs for 2020-2021 was \$742,219.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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Bucks County Technical School Authority

The District and five other Bucks County school districts also participate in a joint venture for the operation of the Bucks County Technical School Authority (the "Authority"). The Authority oversees acquiring, holding, constructing, improving and maintaining the BCTHS school buildings. The Authority is controlled by a joint board comprised of representative school board members of the participating school districts in the BCTHS. During 2020-2021, the District did not have any financial transactions with the Authority.

Both the BCTHS and the Authority prepare financial statements that are available to the public from their administrative offices located at 610 Wistar Road, Fairless Hills, PA 19030.

Bucks County Intermediate Unit

The District and the other Bucks County school districts are participating members of the Bucks County Intermediate Unit (the "BCIU"). The BCIU is a regional educational service agency, established by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, which is governed by a joint committee consisting of School Board members from each participating district. The School Board of each participating district must approve the annual operating budget of the BCIU but the participating districts have no ongoing fiduciary interest or responsibility to the BCIU. The BCIU is a self-sustaining organization that provides a broad array of services to participating districts which include: curriculum development and instructional improvement; educational planning services; instructional material; continuing professional development; pupil personnel services; management services and state and federal liaison services.

(12) CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

Government Grants and Awards

The District receives federal, state and local funding under a number of programs. Payments made by these sources under contractual agreements are provisional and subject to redetermination based on filing of reports and audits of those reports. Final settlements due from or to these sources are recorded in the year in which the related services are performed. Any adjustments resulting from subsequent examinations are recognized in the year in which the results of such examinations become known. District officials do not expect any significant adjustments as a result of these examinations.

Litigation

The District is a defendant in various matters of litigation and claims. These matters result from the normal course of business. It is not presently possible to determine the ultimate outcome or settlement cost, if any of these matters.

(13) RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. Significant losses are covered by commercial insurance for all major programs including workers compensation. For insured programs, there were no significant reductions in insurance coverages during 2020-2021. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage for the current year or the three prior years.

The District participates in a consortium with other participating school districts and educational agencies from Montgomery and Bucks County to provide self-insurance programs for health and prescription insurance coverage and related expenses for eligible employees, spouses and dependents. Accordingly benefit payments plus an administrative charge are made to a third party administrator, who approves and processes all claims. Since the District has not transferred its risk to the other participants in the consortium, GASB requires that it recognize and measure its claims, liabilities and related expenses. The District accounts for its participation in the consortium in an Internal Service Fund in the accompanying financial statements. The following table presents the components of the self-insurance medical claims liability and the related changes in the claims liability for the year ended June 30, 2021 and 2020:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2021

	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
Insurance claims surplus (liability) – beginning of year	\$ 478,161	\$ 255,073
Current year insurance claims and changes in estimates	1,626,339	1,207,883
Insurance claims paid	<u>(1,494,650</u>)	<u>(984,795</u>)
Insurance claims surplus (liability) - end of year	\$ 609,850	<u>\$ 478,161</u>

(14) PRIOR PERIOD RESTATEMENT

As a result of the implementation of GASB Statement No. 84 "Fiduciary Activities", the District made a prior period adjustment to record net position for its Custodial Fund within its fiduciary activities. This prior period adjustment and its effect on net position at July 1, 2019 was an increase in Custodial Fund net position of \$42,671. Prior to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 84, custodial fund assets equaled liabilities and did not involve measurement of results of operations.

(15) SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated subsequent events through February 16, 2022, the date on which the financial statements were available to be issued. Except as noted below, no material subsequent events have occurred since June 30, 2021 that required recognition or disclosure in the financial statements.

On July 2, 2021, the District issued a \$1,000,000 Tax Revenue Anticipation Note ("TRAN") with an interest rate of 1.375% which matures on June 30, 2022. The TRAN was issued as a short-term borrowing for cash flow purposes in the General Fund in anticipation of future tax revenue and was repaid in January, 2022.



BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - GENERAL FUND

Year ended June 30, 2021

	Budgeted	Amounto		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	<u>Original</u>	Final	<u>Actual</u>	(Negative)
REVENUES	Original	<u>i iliai</u>	Actual	(Negative)
Local sources	\$ 13,858,267	\$ 13,858,267	\$ 13,769,121	\$ (89,146)
State sources	6,792,672	6,792,672	6,287,631	(505,041)
Federal sources	1,510,200	1,510,200	3,196,880	1,686,680
Total revenues	22,161,139	22,161,139	23,253,632	1,092,493
EXPENDITURES				
Instruction				
Regular programs	8,670,521	8,670,521	8,540,575	129,946
Special programs	6,666,245	6,666,245	7,225,849	(559,604)
Vocational programs	815,041	815,041	835,921	(20,880)
Other instructional programs Nonpublic school programs	11,766	11,766	- 12,644	11,766
	- _			(12,644)
Total instruction	16,163,573	16,163,573	16,614,989	(451,416)
Support services				
Pupil support services	1,087,487	1,087,487	1,075,721	11,766
Instructional staff services	246,455	246,455	279,737	(33,282)
Administrative services	1,194,747	1,194,747	1,269,358	(74,611)
Pupil health	223,350	223,350	261,886	(38,536)
Business services	487,460	487,460	445,518	41,942
Operation and maintenance of plant services Student transportation services	1,109,626 457,264	1,109,626 457,264	1,489,994 716,536	(380,368)
Support services - central	472,365	472,365	558,790	(259,272) (86,425)
Other support services	-12,000		4,348	(4,348)
Total support services	5,278,754	5,278,754	6,101,888	(823,134)
Operation of noninstructional services				
Student activities	332,425	332,425	172,986	159,439
Community services	46,000	46,000	23,251	22,749
Total operation of noninstructional services	378,425	378,425	196,237	182,188
Debt service	671,039	671,039	654,712	16,327
Total expenditures	22,491,791	22,491,791	23,567,826	(1,076,035)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (330,652)	\$ (330,652)	(314,194)	\$ 16,458
FUND BALANCE Beginning of year			(1 144 547)	
Degining of year			(1,144,547)	
End of year			<u>\$ (1,458,741)</u>	

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY - PSERS

Year ended June 30

	Measurement Date								
	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>		
District's proportion of the net pension liability District's proportionate share of	0.0561%	0.0594%	0.0579%	0.0557%	0.0525%	0.0497%	0.0537%		
the net pension liability District's covered-employee	\$ 27,623,088	\$ 27,788,869	\$ 27,794,875	\$ 27,509,342	\$ 26,017,000	\$ 21,528,000	\$ 21,255,000		
payroll District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a	\$ 7,831,144	\$ 8,185,078	\$ 7,793,352	\$ 7,419,744	\$ 6,794,762	\$ 6,390,711	\$ 6,851,026		
percentage of its covered- employee payroll Plan fiduciary net position as a	352.73%	339.51%	356.65%	370.76%	382.90%	336.86%	310.25%		
percentage of the total pension liability	54.32%	55.66%	54.00%	52.00%	50.00%	54.00%	57.00%		

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 68, this schedule has been prepared prospectively. This schedule will accumulate each year until sufficient information to present a ten-year trend is available.

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PENSION PLAN CONTRIBUTIONS - PSERS

Year ended June 30

	Measurement Date						
	2020	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually	\$ 2,620,795	\$ 2,660,072	\$ 2,456,887	\$ 2,130,474	\$ 1,670,000	\$ 1,283,000	\$1,070,000
required contribution	2,620,795	2,660,072	2,456,887	2,130,474	1,670,000	1,283,000	1,096,350
Contribution deficiency (excess)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(26,350)
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 7,831,144	\$8,185,078	\$ 7,793,352	\$7,419,744	\$6,794,762	\$ 6,390,711	\$ 6,851,026
Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll	33.47%	32.50%	31.53%	28.71%	25.00%	20.00%	16.00%

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 68, this schedule has been prepared prospectively. This schedule will accumulate each year until sufficient information to present a ten-year trend is available.

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN OPEB LIABILITY - SINGLE EMPLOYER PLAN

Year ended June 30

	2021 2020		2019		2018			
TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY								
Service cost	\$	40,251	\$	33,463	\$	30,930	\$	40,612
Interest on total OPEB liability		22,388		13,274		13,511		13,092
Differences between expected and actual				231,365				
experience		- 02 444		•		(200)		(04.254)
Changes of assumptions		82,444		(18,480)		(388)		(91,354)
Benefit payments	_	(67,268)		(19,887)	_	(48,105)		(45,169)
Net change in total OPEB liability		77,815		239,735		(4,052)		(82,819)
Total OPEB liability, beginning		662,487		422,752		426,804		509,623
Total OPEB liability, ending	\$	740,302	\$	662,487	\$	422,752	\$	426,804
Fiduciary net position as a % of total								
OPEB liability		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%
Covered payroll	\$ 7	7,785,479	\$ 7	7,785,479	\$ 7	7,689,807	\$ 7	7,689,807
Net OPEB liability as a % of covered								
payroll		9.51%		8.51%		5.50%		5.55%

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 75, this schedule has been prepared prospectively. This schedule will accumulate each year until sufficient information to present a ten-year trend is available.

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY -PSERS

Year ended June 30

	2020	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability District's proportionate share of the net OPEB	0.0558%	0.0594%	0.0579%	0.0557%
liability	\$ 1,205,669	\$ 1,263,344	\$1,207,185	\$ 1,134,838
District's covered-employee payroll District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-	\$ 7,831,144	\$ 8,185,078	\$ 7,793,352	\$7,419,744
employee payroll Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of	15.40%	15.43%	15.49%	15.29%
the total OPEB liability	5.69%	5.56%	5.56%	6.00%

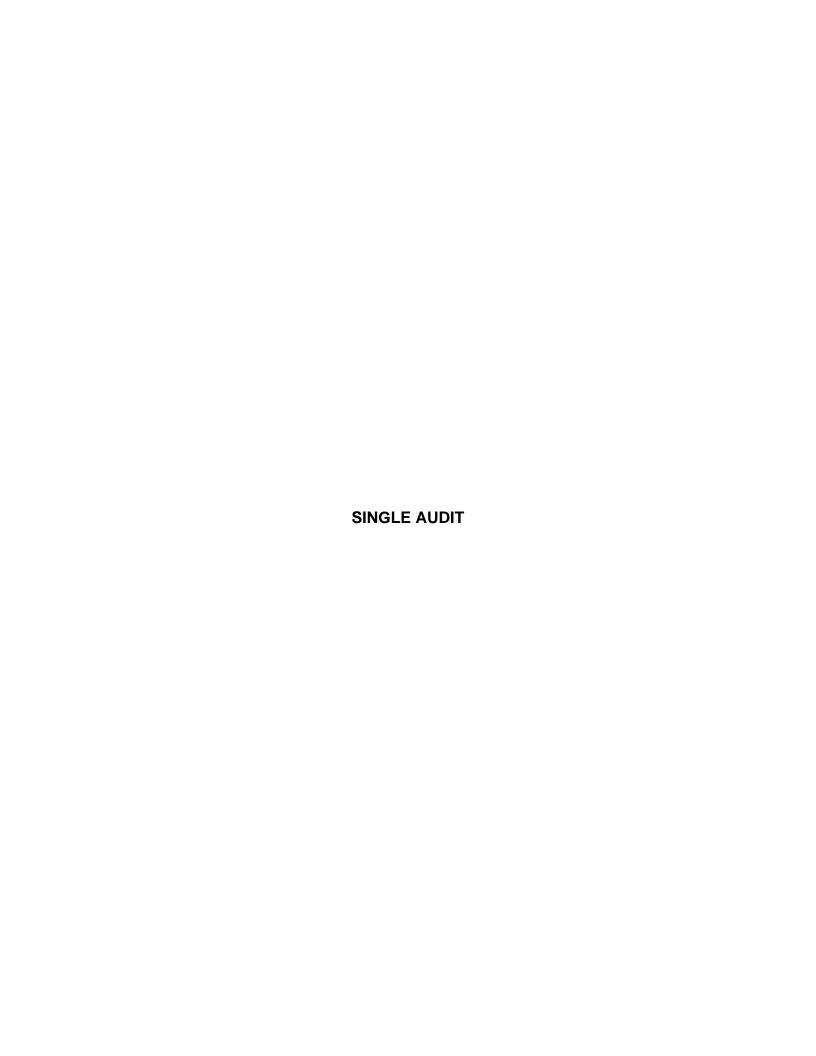
In accordance with GASB Statement No. 75, this schedule has been prepared prospectively. This schedule will accumulate each year until sufficient information to present a ten-year trend is available.

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S OPEB PLAN CONTRIBUTIONS - PSERS

Year ended June 30

	Measurement Date							
	2020		<u>2019</u>		<u>2018</u>			2017
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually	\$	65,689	\$	68,055	\$	64,688	\$	48,494
required contribution		65,689		68,055		64,688		48,494
Contribution deficiency (excess)		-		-		-		-
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 7,8	31,144	\$8	,185,078	\$7,	793,352	\$7,	419,744
Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll		0.84%		0.83%		0.83%		0.65%

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 75, this schedule has been prepared prospectively. This schedule will accumulate each year until sufficient information to present a ten-year trend is available.



SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS AND CERTAIN STATE GRANTS

Year ended June 30, 2021

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Project Title	Source <u>Code</u>	Federal CFDA <u>Number</u>	Pass- Through Grantor's <u>Number</u>	Grant Period Beginning/ Ending Dates	Grant <u>Amount</u>	Total Received for Year	Accrued (Deferred) Revenue July 1, 2020	Revenue Recognized	Expenditures	Accrued (Deferred) Revenue June 30, 2021	Passed Through to Subrecipients
U.S. Department of Education											
Passed-Through the Pennsylvania <u>Department of Education</u>											
Title I - Improving Basic Programs	1	84.010	013-200267	07/01/19 - 09/30/20	\$ 232,773	\$ 62,061	\$ 62,061	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Title I - Improving Basic Programs	1	84.010	013-210267	07/01/20 - 09/30/21	225,205	151,772		225,205	225,205	73,433	
Total CFDA #84.010						213,833	62,061	225,205	225,205	73,433	
Title II - Improving Teacher Quality	1	84.367	020-200267	07/01/19 - 09/30/20	39,393	10,226	10,226	-	-	-	-
Title II - Improving Teacher Quality	I	84.367	020-210267	07/01/20 - 09/30/21	33,834	22,772		33,834	33,834	11,062	
Total CFDA #84.367						32,998	10,226	33,834	33,834	11,062	
Title III - Language Instruction LEP/ Immigrant Students	1	84.365	010-210267	07/01/20 - 09/30/21	13,506	9,004		13,506	13,506	4,502	
Title IV - Student Support and Academic Achievement	I	84.424	144-200267	07/01/19 - 09/30/20	17,703	1,816	1,816	-	-	-	-
Title IV - Student Support and Academic Achievement	I	84.424	144-210267	07/01/20 - 09/30/21	17,647	11,765		17,647	17,647	5,882	
Total CFDA #84.424						13,581	1,816	17,647	17,647	5,882	
21st Century Community Learning Centers	1	84.287	#41-000071647	01/01/20 - 12/31/20	473,688	238,559	51,013	187,546	187,546	-	119,778
21st Century Community Learning Centers	!	84.287	#41-000071647	01/01/21 - 12/31/21	473,688	80,919	47.400	131,418	131,418	50,499	113,028
21st Century Community Learning Centers 21st Century Community Learning Centers		84.287 84.287	#41-000078112 #41-000078112	10/01/19 - 09/30/20 10/01/20 - 09/30/21	473,405 473,405	228,389 91,677	47,196 -	181,193 135,065	181,193 135,065	- 43,388	135,645 122,032
Total CFDA #84.287	'	04.207	#41-000076112	10/01/20 - 09/30/21	473,403	639,544	98,209	635,222	635,222	93,887	490,483
COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund	!	84.425 84.425	200-200267 200-210267	03/13/20 - 09/30/21 03/13/20 - 09/30/23	191,117	170,999	-	191,117	191,117	20,118	-
GEERs CEEG	!	84.425	253-200267	03/13/20 - 09/30/23	845,973 35,050	727,930 35,050	-	737,911 35,050	737,911 35,050	9,981 -	-
Total CFDA #84.425		04.420	200-200201	03/13/20 - 03/30/21	33,030	933,979		964,078	964,078	30,099	
COVID-19 SECIM	1	84.027	N/A	07/01/20 - 09/30/21	7,217	7,217		7,217	7,217		-
Passed Through the Montgomery County I.U.											
I.D.E.A Part B, Section 611	1	84.027	N/A	07/01/20 - 06/30/21	500,000	500,000	_	500,000	500,000	_	_
I.D.L.I. Talt D, Occilon of I		04.027	14// 1	31,01/20 - 00/30/21	555,550	000,000	_	000,000	000,000	_	_

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Project Title	Source <u>Code</u>	Federal CFDA <u>Number</u>	Pass- Through Grantor's <u>Number</u>	Grant Period Beginning/ Ending Dates	Grant <u>Amount</u>	Total Received for Year	Accrued (Deferred) Revenue July 1, 2020	Revenue <u>Recognized</u>	<u>Expenditures</u>	Accrued (Deferred) Revenue June 30, 2021	Passed Through to <u>Subrecipients</u>
Passed Through											
the Bucks County I.U.		04.007	NI/A	07/04/40 06/20/20	207 602	202 477	202 477	_			
I.D.E.A Part B, Section 611 I.D.E.A Part B, Section 611	i I	84.027 84.027	N/A N/A	07/01/19 - 06/30/20 07/01/20 - 06/30/21	207,602 234,084	202,477 234,084	202,477	234,084	234,084	-	-
Total CFDA #84.027						943,778	202,477	741,301	741,301		
I.D.E.A Part B, Section 619	1	84.173	N/A	07/01/19 - 06/30/20	835	835	835	-	-	-	-
I.D.E.A Part B, Section 619	I	84.173	N/A	07/01/20 - 06/30/21	1,224	1,224		1,224	1,224		
Total CFDA #84.173						2,059	835	1,224	1,224		-
Total U.S. Department of Education						2,788,776	375,624	2,632,017	2,632,017	218,865	490,483
U.S. Department of Treasury											
Passed-Through the Pennsylvania Commission on Crime and Delinquency											
COVID-19 Relief Fund	1	21.019	2020-CS-01-33417	03/13/20 - 10/30/20	155,699	155,699	-	155,699	155,699	-	-
Passed-Through the Bucks County Intermediate Unit											
COVID-19 Relief Fund	1	21.019	N/A	03/01/20 - 12/30/20	104,260	104,260		104,260	104,260		
Total CFDA #21.019						259,959		259,959	259,959		
Total U.S. Department of Treasury						259,959		259,959	259,959		
U.S. Department of Health and Social Services Passed-Through the Pennsylvania Department of Public Welfare Medical Assistance Program		93.778	N/A	07/01/20 - 06/30/21	N/A	10,082	_	10,082	10,082	_	_
U.S. Department of Justice Passed-Through the Borough of Morrisville	·	00.770		07/01/20 00/00/21	14/1	10,002		10,002	10,002		
Public Safety Partnership and Community Policing Grants	I	16.710	N/A	07/01/20 - 06/30/21	13,028	_	_	13,028	13,028	13,028	-
Total U.S. Department of Justice								13,028	13,028	13,028	
U.S. Department of Agriculture											
Passed-Through the Pennsylvania Department of Education											
State Matching Share	S	N/A	N/A	07/01/19 - 06/30/20	N/A	807	807	-	-	-	-
State Matching Share	S	N/A	N/A	07/01/20 - 06/30/21	N/A	5,533		7,494	7,494	1,961	
Total State Matching Share						6,340	807	7,494	7,494	1,961	

Continued on next page

		Federal	Pass- Through	Grant Period		Total	Accrued (Deferred) Revenue			Accrued (Deferred) Revenue	Passed Through
Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Project Title	Source <u>Code</u>	CFDA <u>Number</u>	Grantor's <u>Number</u>	Beginning/ Ending Dates	Grant <u>Amount</u>	Received for Year	July 1, 2020	Revenue Recognized	Expenditures	June 30, 2021	to <u>Subrecipients</u>
Breakfast Program	I	10.553	N/A	07/01/19 - 06/30/20	N/A	7,400	7,400	-	-	-	-
Breakfast Program	I	10.553	N/A	07/01/20 - 06/30/21	N/A	55,338		74,598	74,598	19,260	
Total CFDA #10.553						62,738	7,400	74,598	74,598	19,260	
National School Lunch Program	1	10.555	N/A	07/01/19 - 06/30/20	N/A	11,774	11,774	-	-	-	-
National School Lunch Program	I	10.555	N/A	07/01/20 - 06/30/21	N/A	88,564	-	118,998	118,998	30,434	-
Passed-Through the Pennsylvania Department of Agriculture											
National School Lunch Program	1	10.555	N/A	07/01/20 - 06/30/21	N/A	19,118		19,118	19,118		
Total CFDA #10.555						119,456	11,774	138,116	138,116	30,434	
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture						188,534	19,981	220,208	220,208	51,655	
Total Federal Awards and Certain											
State Grants						\$ 3,247,351	\$ 395,605	\$ 3,135,294	\$ 3,135,294	\$ 283,548	\$ 490,483
Total Federal Awards						\$ 3,241,011	\$ 394,798	\$ 3,127,800	\$ 3,127,800	\$ 281,587	\$ 490,483
Total State Awards						6,340	807	7,494	7,494	1,961	
Total Federal Awards and Certain State Grants						\$ 3,247,351	\$ 395,605	\$ 3,135,294	\$ 3,135,294	\$ 283,548	\$ 490,483
Special Education Cluster (IDEA) (CFDA's #84.027 ar	nd #84.173)					\$ 945,837	\$ 203,312	\$ 742,525	\$ 742,525	<u> </u>	<u>\$ - </u>
Child Nutrition Cluster (CFDA's #10.553 and #10.555)						\$ 182,194	<u>\$ 19,174</u>	\$ 212,714	\$ 212,714	\$ 49,694	<u> </u>

- Source Codes
 D Direct Funding
 I Indirect Funding
- S State Share

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS AND CERTAIN STATE GRANTS

June 30, 2021

(1) FEDERAL EXPENDITURES

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and Certain State Grants reflects federal expenditures for all individual grants which were active during the fiscal year. Additionally, the Schedule reflects expenditures for certain state grants.

(2) BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The District uses the modified accrual method of recording transactions except as noted for the accounting of donated commodities in Note 3. Revenues are recorded when measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when incurred.

(3) NONMONETARY FEDERAL AWARDS - DONATED FOOD

The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania distributes federal surplus food to institutions (schools, hospitals and prisons) and to the needy. Expenditures reported in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and Certain State Grants under CFDA #10.555, USDA Donated Commodities, represent federal surplus food consumed by the District during the 2020-2021 fiscal year.

(4) ACCESS PROGRAM

The District participates in the ACCESS Program which is a medical assistance program that reimburses local educational agencies for direct eligible health-related services provided to enrolled special needs students. Reimbursements are federal source revenues but are classified as fee-for-service and are not considered federal financial assistance. The amount of ACCESS funding recognized for the year ended June 30, 2021 was \$359,643.

(5) INDIRECT COSTS

The District has expended amounts claimed as an indirect cost recovery using an approved indirect cost rate. The District has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

Year ended June 30, 2021	
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There were no audit findings for the year ended June 30, 2020.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of School Directors School District of Borough of Morrisville Morrisville, Pennsylvania

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the School District of Borough of Morrisville, Morrisville, Pennsylvania, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District of Borough of Morrisville's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February 16, 2022.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School District of Borough of Morrisville's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District of Borough of Morrisville's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District of Borough of Morrisville's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School District of Borough of Morrisville's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

BBD, LLP

Philadelphia, Pennsylvania February 16, 2022



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Board of School Directors School District of Borough of Morrisville Morrisville, Pennsylvania

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the School District of Borough of Morrisville's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the School District of Borough of Morrisville's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021. The School District of Borough of Morrisville's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the School District of Borough of Morrisville's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* ("*Uniform Guidance*"). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the School District of Borough of Morrisville's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the School District of Borough of Morrisville's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the School District of Borough of Morrisville complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the School District of Borough of Morrisville is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the School District of Borough of Morrisville's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District of Borough of Morrisville's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

BBD, LLP

Philadelphia, Pennsylvania February 16, 2022

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Year ended June 30, 2021

SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

- 1. The auditor's report expresses an unmodified opinion on whether the financial statements of the School District of Borough of Morrisville were prepared in accordance with GAAP.
- No significant deficiencies or material weaknesses relating to the audit of the financial statements of the School
 District of Borough of Morrisville are reported in the independent auditor's report on internal control over financial
 reporting and on compliance and other matters based on an audit of financial statements performed in
 accordance with Government Auditing Standards.
- 3. No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements of the School District of Borough of Morrisville, which would be required to be reported in accordance with Government Auditing Standards, were disclosed during the audit.
- 4. No significant deficiencies or material weaknesses in internal control over the major federal award programs are reported in the independent auditor's report on compliance for each major program and on internal control over compliance required by the Uniform Guidance.
- 5. The auditor's report on compliance for the major federal award programs for the School District of Borough of Morrisville expresses an unmodified opinion on all major federal programs.
- 6. There are no audit findings that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR Section 200.516(a).
- 7. The programs tested as major programs were:

Education Stabilization Fund - Elementary and Secondary Education - CFDA Number 84.425

- 8. The threshold used for distinguishing between Type A and B programs was \$750,000.
- 9. The School District of Borough of Morrisville did qualify as a low-risk auditee.

FINDINGS—FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

None

FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS—MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDIT

None